



# Operation Manual

PRODUCT NAME

Digital Flow Switch

MODEL / Series / Product Number

*PF3W7##*

**SMC Corporation**

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## Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution", "Warning" or "Danger". They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International standards (ISO/IEC) \*1) and other safety regulations.

- \*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems
- ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power -- General rules relating to systems
- IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery -- Electrical equipment of machines (Part 1: General requirements)
- ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots -Safety.
- etc.

-  **Caution** : CAUTION indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
-  **Warning** : WARNING indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
-  **Danger** : DANGER indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

### Warning

**1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.**

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

**2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.**

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

**3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/equipment until safety is confirmed.**

1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.

**4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.**

1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
3. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.

## Caution

### **The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.**

The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries. If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary.  
If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

## **Limited warranty and Disclaimer/Compliance Requirements**

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".

Read and accept them before using the product.

### **Limited warranty and Disclaimer**

1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered. \*2)  
Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided.  
This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.

\*2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty.

A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered.

Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

### **Compliance Requirements**

1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulation of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.

## Operator

- ◆ This operation manual has been written for those who have knowledge of machinery and apparatus that use pneumatic equipment and have full knowledge of assembly, operation and maintenance of such equipment.
- ◆ Please read this operation manual carefully and understand it before assembling, operating or providing maintenance to the product.

### ■ Precautions

#### Warning

- Do not disassemble, modify (including changing the printed circuit board) or repair.  
An injury or failure can result.
- Do not operate the product outside of the specifications.  
Do not use for flammable or harmful fluids.  
Fire, malfunction, or damage to the product can result.  
Verify the specifications before use.
- Do not operate in an atmosphere containing flammable or explosive gases.  
Fire or an explosion can result.  
This product is not designed to be explosion proof.
- Do not use with flammable or highly permeable fluids.  
Fire, explosion, damage or corrosion can result.
- Do not use the product in a place where static electricity is a problem.  
Otherwise it can cause failure or malfunction of the system.
- If using the product in an interlocking circuit:
  - Provide a double interlocking system, for example a mechanical system.
  - Check the product regularly for proper operation.Otherwise malfunction can result, causing an accident.
- The following instructions must be followed during maintenance:
  - Turn off the power supply.
  - Ensure the flow is shut off before performing maintenance.Otherwise an injury can result.

#### Caution

- Do not touch the terminals and connectors while the power is on.  
Otherwise electric shock, malfunction or damage to the product can result.
- Do not touch the piping or its connected parts when the fluid is at high temperature.  
It may lead to burnt.  
Ensure the piping cools sufficiently before touching.
- After maintenance is complete, perform appropriate functional inspections and leak tests.  
Stop operation if the equipment does not function properly or there is a leakage of fluid.  
When leakage occurs from parts other than the piping, the product might be faulty.  
Disconnect the power supply and stop fluid supply.  
Do not apply fluid under leaking conditions.  
Safety cannot be assured in the case of unexpected malfunction.

## ■NOTE

- Follow the instructions given below when designing, selecting and handling the product.
- The instructions on design and selection (installation, wiring, environment, adjustment, operation, maintenance, etc.) described below must also be followed.
- \*Product specifications
  - The direct current power supply to be used should be UL approved as follows.
    - Circuit (of class 2) which is of maximum 30 Vrms (42.4 V peak) or less, with UL 1310 class 2 power supply unit or UL 1585 class 2 transformer.
  - The product is a  approved product only if it has a  mark on the body.
  - Use the specified voltage.
    - Otherwise failure or malfunction can result.
    - Insufficient supply voltage may not drive a load due to a voltage drop inside the product.
    - Verify the operating voltage of the load before use.
  - Do not exceed the specified maximum allowable load.
    - Otherwise it can cause damage or shorten the life of the product.
  - Input data to the product is not deleted, even if the power supply is cut off. (Number of times of rewriting: 1000000 times, data storage period: 20 years)
  - Confirm the pressure loss at the sensor according to the flow rate characteristics (pressure loss) graph before designing piping.
    - Confirm detection condition of sensor electrified potential.
  - The applicable fluids are water (0 to 90 °C) and ethylene glycol solution with a viscosity of 3 mPa·s (3 cP) or less.
    - Measurement accuracy is not guaranteed if other fluids are used.
    - Do not use fluids containing chemicals, synthetic oils, organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases.
    - Using such fluids can result in malfunction and damage to the product.
    - Check the details of the specifications before use.
  - Consider measures to prevent over pressure due to water hammer.
    - <Measures to reduce water hammer>
    - 1. Install a water hammer relieving valve.
    - 2. Use a flexible material for piping (such as a rubber hose) and an accumulator that can absorb impact pressure.
    - 3. Keep piping as short as possible.
  - Use the product within the specified operating pressure and temperature range.
  - Proof pressure is 1.5 MPa. Proof pressure could be changed depending on the fluid temperature.
    - Check the characteristics data for operating pressure and proof pressure.
  - Reserve a space for maintenance.
    - Allow sufficient space for maintenance when designing the system.

## ● Product handling

### \* Installation

- Tighten to the specified tightening torque.

If the tightening torque is exceeded the mounting screws, brackets and the product can be broken. Insufficient torque can cause displacement of the product from its proper position and the looseness of the mounting screws. (Refer to "Mounting and Installation" on page 16.)

- Be sure to ground terminal FG when using a commercially available switch-mode power supply.
- Do not use in a place subject to heavy vibration and/or shock.

Otherwise damage to the internal parts can result, causing malfunction.

- Do not pull the lead wire forcefully, not lift the product by pulling the lead wire. (Tensile force 49 N or less)

Hold the body when handling to avoid the damage of the product.

The product will be damaged, leading to failure and malfunction.

- For piping of the product, hold the piping with a spanner on the metal part of the piping (Piping attachment).

Applying the spanner to other parts may lead to damage to the product.

In particular, do not let the spanner come into contact with the M8 connector.

The connector can be easily damaged.

- Eliminate any dust left in the piping by air blow before connecting the piping to the product.

Otherwise it can cause damage or malfunction.

- Refer to the flow direction of the fluid indicated on the model number plate or the body for installation and piping.

Residual air can cause errors in measurement accuracy.

- Avoid piping in which the piping size of the IN side of the switch changes suddenly.

If the piping size is reduced sharply or there is a restrictor such as a valve on the IN side, fluid velocity distribution in the piping will be disturbed, leading to improper measurement.

Therefore, the above-mentioned piping should be connected on the OUT side.

If the OUT side is opened, or flow rate is excessive, cavitations may be generated, which may result in improper measurement.

As a measure against this, it is possible to reduce the cavitations by increasing the fluid pressure.

Take action such as mounting an orifice on the OUT side of the switch, and confirm that there is no malfunction before handling.

If the orifice of the OUT side is fully closed to operate the pump, the switch may malfunction due to the effect of pulsation (pressure fluctuation). Ensure that there is no malfunction before usage.

- Do not insert metal wires or other foreign objects into the flow path.

Such actions can damage the sensor causing failure or malfunction.

- Never mount the product in a location that will be used as a scaffold.

The product may be damaged if excessive force is applied by stepping or climbing onto it.

- If the fluid may contain foreign matter, install and connect a filter or mist separator to the inlet.

The adherence of foreign matter to the vortex generator or detector can cause errors in measurement accuracy. A filter of approx. 40 mesh is recommended.

- Design and install the application so that the fluid detection path is always full.

- If the product is mounted vertically, let the liquid flow from bottom to top.

Trapped air bubbles can cause errors in measurement accuracy.

(If the fluid detection path is always filled with liquid, there will be no problem.)

- Do not apply excessive rotational force to the monitor.

The monitor can be rotated.

It can be set at 90° intervals clock and anticlockwise, and also at 45° and 225° clockwise.

Rotating the display with excessive force will damage the end stop.

#### \*Wiring

- Do not pull the lead wires. In particular, never lift a product equipped with fitting and piping by holding the lead wires.  
Otherwise damage to the internal parts can result, causing malfunction or disconnection from the connector.
- Avoid repeatedly bending, stretching or applying a heavy object or force to the lead wire.  
Repetitive bending or tensile stress can cause the sheath of the wire to peel off, or break the wire.  
If the lead wire can move, fix it near the body of the product.  
The recommended bend radius of the lead wire is 6 times the outside diameter of the sheath, or 33 times the outside diameter of the insulation material, whichever is larger.  
Replace a damaged lead wire with a new one.
- Wire correctly.  
Incorrect wiring can break the product.
- Do not perform wiring while the power is on.  
Otherwise damage to the internal parts can result, causing malfunction.
- Do not route wires and cables together with power or high voltage cables.  
Otherwise the product can malfunction due to interference of noise and surge voltage from power and high voltage cables to the signal line. Route the wires (piping) of the product separately from power or high voltage cables.
- Confirm proper insulation of wiring.  
Poor insulation (interference from another circuit, poor insulation between terminals, etc.) can lead to excess voltage or current being applied to the product, causing damage.
- Design the system to prevent reverse current when the product is forced to operate for operational check.  
Depending on the circuit used, insulation may not be maintained when operation is forced, allowing reverse current to flow, which can cause malfunction and damage the product.
- Keep wiring as short as possible to prevent interference from electromagnetic noise and surge voltage.  
Do not use a cable longer than 10 m.  
Wire the DC(-) line (blue) as close as possible to the power supply.
- When the analogue output is used, install a noise filter (line noise filter, ferrite element, etc.) between the switch-mode power supply and this product.

#### \*Environment

- Do not use the product in an environment that is constantly exposed to the splash of water.  
Otherwise failure or malfunction can result. Take measures such as using a cover.
- Do not use the product in an environment where corrosive gases or fluids could be splashed.  
Otherwise damage to the product and malfunction can result.
- Do not use in a place where the product could be splashed by oil or chemicals.  
If the product is used in an environment containing oils or chemicals such as coolant or cleaning solvent, even for a short time, it may be adversely affected (damage, malfunction, or hardening of the lead wires).
- Do not use in an area where surges are generated.  
When a machine or equipment generating large surge near the product (magnetic type lifter, high frequency inductive furnace, motor, etc.), this can result in malfunction (display of incorrect value), deterioration and damage of internal elements. Take measures against the surge sources, and prevent the lines from coming into close contact.
- Do not use a load which generates surge voltage.  
When a surge-generating load such as a relay or solenoid is driven directly, use a Flow switch with a built-in surge absorbing element.
- The product is CE marked, but not immune to lightning strikes. Take measures against lightning strikes in the system.
- Mount the product in a location that is not affected by vibration or impact.  
Otherwise failure or malfunction can result.
- Do not use the product in the presence of a magnetic field.  
Such use can result in malfunction of the product.
- Do not let foreign matter, such as wire debris, get inside the product.  
To prevent malfunction or failure take measures to prevent the debris entering the product.
- Do not use this product in places where there are cyclic temperature changes.  
Heat cycles other than ordinary changes in temperature can adversely affect the inside of the product.
- Do not expose the product to direct sunlight.  
If using in a location directly exposed to sunlight, shade the product from the sunlight.  
Otherwise failure or malfunction can result.
- Keep within the specified fluid and ambient temperatures range.  
The fluid temperature range is 0 to 90 °C and ambient temperature range is 0 to 50 °C.  
If the fluid freezes, it may cause damage and malfunction of the switch, so please take measures to prevent freezing.  
When a fluid at a lower temperature than the ambient temperature is supplied, the product can break due to condensation and malfunction. Keep the product from having condensation.  
Do not install the switch piping vertically or upside-down, otherwise damage will occur in early stage of operation due to dripping of water.  
Protection against freezing is necessary.  
Avoid sudden temperature change even within specified temperature. Otherwise failure or malfunction can result.
- Do not operate close to a heat source, or in a location exposed to radiant heat.  
This can cause operating failure.

#### \*Adjustment and Operation

- Connect a load before turning the power supply on.

If switched ON with no load, over current may flow, causing the product to break instantly.

- Do not short-circuit the load.

Although error is displayed when the product load has a short circuit, generated over current lead to cause the damage of the product.

- Do not press the setting buttons with a sharp pointed object.

It may damage the setting buttons.

- Supply the power when there is no flow.

- The product is compulsory turned off for 3 seconds after the power is supplied.

- Perform settings suitable for the operating conditions.

Incorrect settings can cause operational failure.

For details of each setting, refer to page 24 to 58 of this manual.

- During the initial setting and flow rate setting, the product will switch the measurement output with the condition before setting.

Confirm the output has no adverse effect on machinery and equipment before setting.

Stop the control system before setting if necessary.

- Do not touch the LCD display during operation.

The display can vary due to static electricity.

#### \*Maintenance

- Turn off the power supply, stop the fluid and check the safety before performing any maintenance.

There is a risk of unexpected malfunction.

- Perform regular maintenance and inspections.

There is a risk of unexpected malfunction of components due to the malfunction of equipment and machinery.

- Do not use solvents such as benzene, thinner etc. to clean the product.

They could damage the surface of the product and erase the indication on the product.

Use a soft cloth to remove stains. For heavy stains, use a cloth soaked with diluted neutral detergent and fully squeezed, then wipe up the stains again with a dry cloth.

\*Handling of flow adjustment valve

- When flow is adjusted with the flow adjustment valve, do not apply excessive force to rotate it.  
This can damage the valve mechanism.
- When fixing the valve of the flow adjustment valve, do not apply excessive force to rotate the fixing knurl.  
This can damage the knurl and valve mechanism.
- After adjusting the flow, be sure to check that there is no water leakage.  
After adjusting the flow, water leakage may occur due to the stability of the seal in the valve. If water leakage occurs, open and close the valve several times to readjust it, and check that there is no water leakage.
- The flow rate adjustment valve of this product is not suitable for applications which require constant adjustment of flow rate.  
Fluid leakage may be generated when the internal seal reaches the end of its life due to wearing. Therefore, take measures to protect peripheral equipment, ensure maintenance space and pay attention to the piping design.
- The flow rate adjustment valve of this product is not suitable for applications which require reducing the flow rate to zero completely. If it is necessary to reduce the flow rate to zero completely, install a stop valve etc. separately.
- Do not lift it by gripping the knob of the flow adjustment valve.
- Hold the body when handling to avoid damaging the product.
- If fluids with high temperature are flowed, the flow adjustment valve itself will also become hot, which leads to a burn. Therefore, use the flow adjustment valve with special care.

\*Vinyl chloride piping

- The vinyl chloride fitting (union) must be mounted and joined by an engineer with sufficient knowledge.  
Be sure to confirm that there is no leakage from the fitting after mounting and joining. If it is mounted and joined by a person who does not have sufficient knowledge and skills, it may lead to failure such as leakage.
- When selecting adhesive for the vinyl chloride fitting (union), confirm that its heat resistance and endurance are compatible with the operating temperature of the fluids used.  
Otherwise, this may cause leakage and damage.
- Do not apply excessive force to the vinyl chloride piping.  
This may cause damage.
- When the vinyl chloride piping type is used, the higher the fluid temperature, the lower the proof pressure will be. Therefore, adjust the water hammer pressure carefully so that it does not exceed the proof pressure.

# Model Indication and How to Order

PF3W7   -   -    -    -    -

Integrated display type

Rated flow range  
(Flow range)

Symbol	Content
04	0.5 to 4 L/min
20	2 to 16 L/min
40	5 to 40 L/min
11	10 to 100 L/min

Flow adjustment valve

Symbol	Content	Rated flow range			
		04	20	40	11
Nil	None	●	●	●	●
S	With flow adjustment valve	●	●	●	-

\*: A flow rate adjustment valve cannot be mounted onto the 100 L/min type.

Thread type

Symbol	Content	Rated flow range			
		04	20	40	11
Nil	Rc	●	●	●	●
N	NPT	●	●	●	●
F	G	●	●	●	●
U	PVC tube	-	-	-	●

Port size

Symbol	Port size	Rated flow range			
		04	20	40	11
03	3/8	●	●	-	-
04	1/2	-	●	●	●
06	3/4	-	-	●	●
10	1	-	-	-	●
25	25A	-	-	-	●

Output specification

Symbol	OUT1	OUT2
A	NPN	NPN
B	PNP	PNP
C	NPN	Analogue 1 to 5 V
D	NPN	Analogue 4 to 20 mA
E	PNP	Analogue 1 to 5 V
F	PNP	Analogue 4 to 20 mA
G	NPN	External input
H	PNP	External input

\*: External input  
Accumulated, peak and bottom values can be reset.

Made to order  
(Refer to page 83.)

Calibration certificate  
(Only flow sensor)

Symbol	Content
Nil	None
A	With calibration certificate

\*: Written in both Japanese and English.  
The temperature sensor is not calibrated.

Bracket

Symbol	Content
Nil	None
R	With bracket

Unit specification

Symbol	Instantaneous flow	Accumulated flow	Temp.
M	L/min	L	°C
G	gal/min	gal	°C
F	gal/min	gal	°F
J	L/min	L	°F

\*: The symbol of G, F, J are specified to order.  
Ref.: 1[L/min] ⇔ 0.2642[gal/min]  
1[gal/min] ⇔ 3.785[L/min]  
[°F] = 9/5 × [°C] + 32

Lead wire

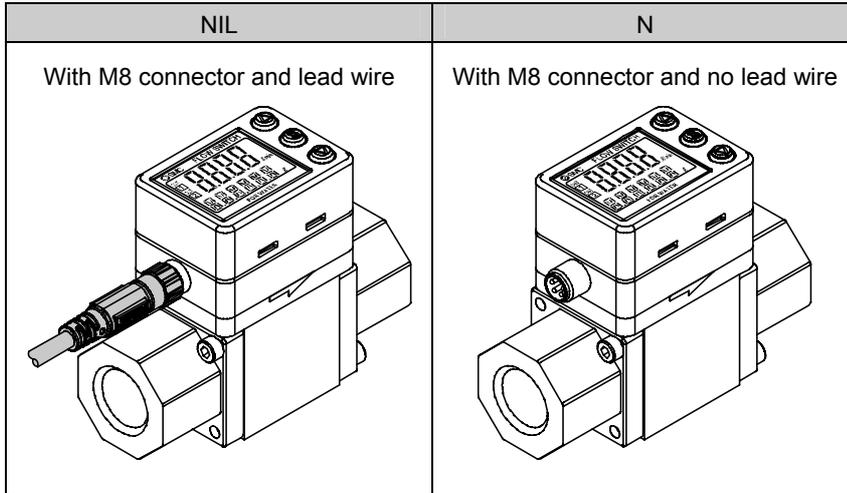
Symbol	Content
Nil	Lead wire with M8 connector (3 m)
N	None

Temperature sensor

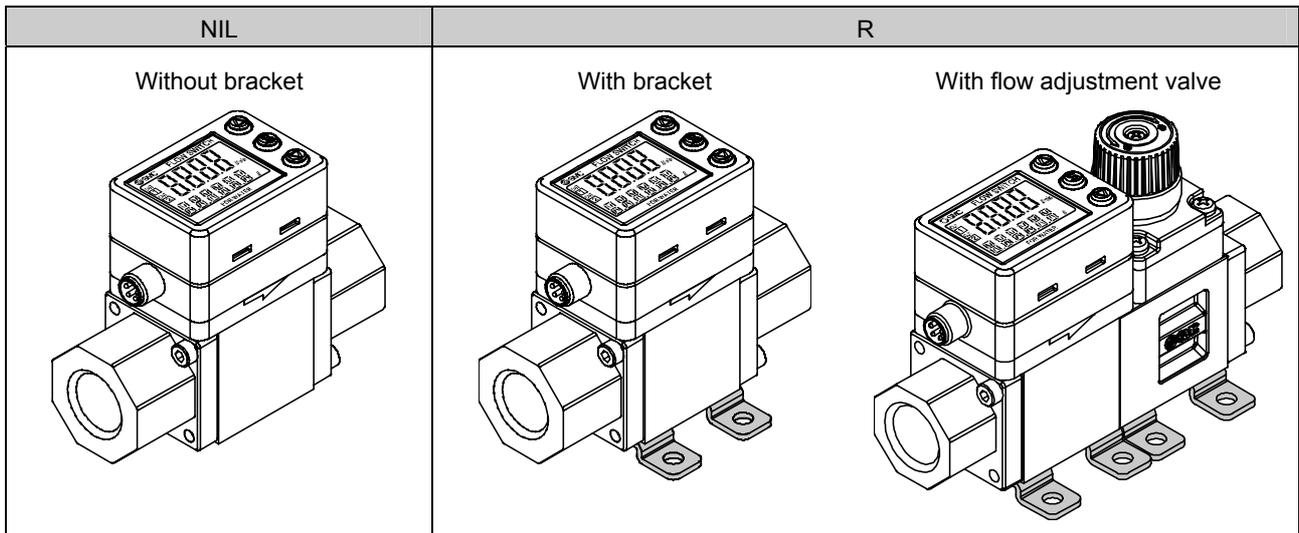
Symbol	Content
Nil	None
T	With temperature sensor

\*: The temperature sensor output is available on OUT2 only. It is not possible to order both temperature sensor and an external input. (types G or H)  
It is not possible to use it with U type piping (PVC tube).

### Lead wire



### Bracket



### Options/Part number

If an option is required independently, order using the following part number.

Option	Part number	Remarks
Bracket *	ZS-40-K	Taptite screw for PF3W704/720 (3 x 10), 4 pcs.
	ZS-40-L	Taptite screw for PF3W740 (3 x 10), 4 pcs.
	ZS-40-M	Taptite screw for PF3W711 (4 x 10), 4 pcs.
Lead wire with M8 connector	ZS-40-A	Lead wire length: 3 m

\*: 2 brackets are necessary if using the type with flow rate adjustment valve.

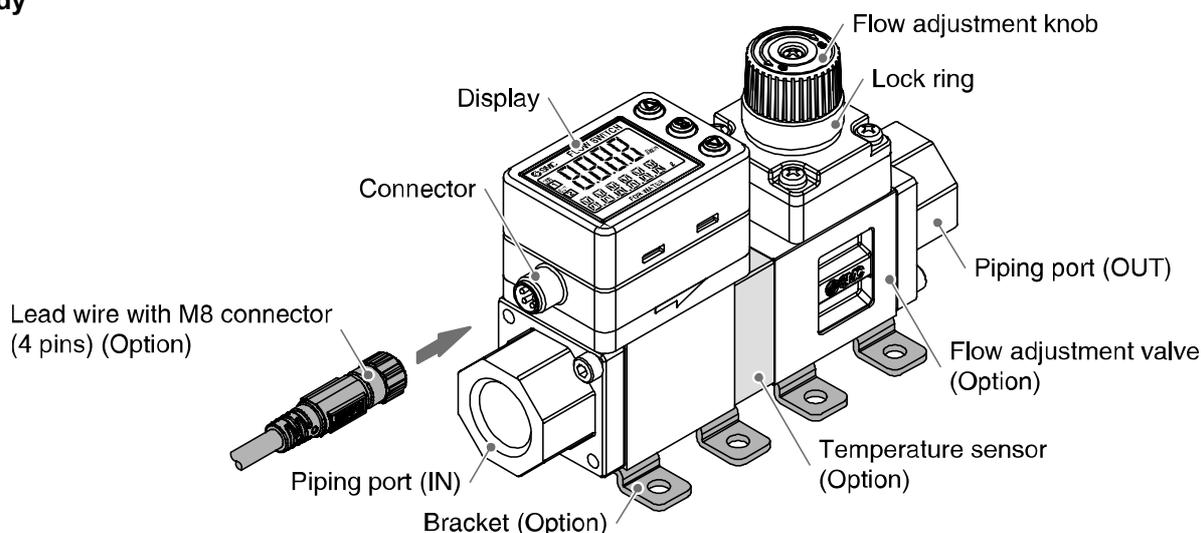
### Replacement part

Element	Part number	Remarks
PVC tube	ZS-40-U25	25A PVC tube 1 pc.
25A Holding plate	ZS-40-U25-A	1 pc., With two hexagon socket head cap screws of M5 x 80.

\*: Accuracy may vary by 1 to 2%, if PVC tube is replaced.

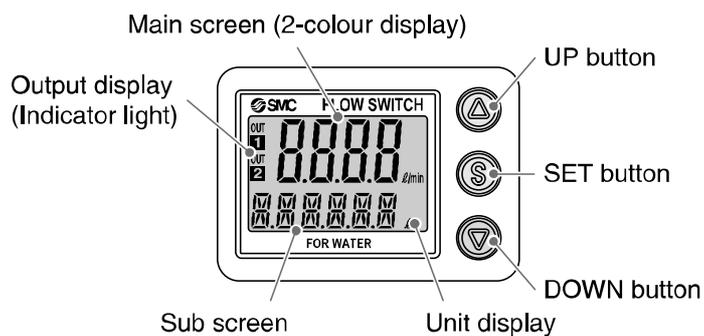
## Summary of Product parts

### Body



Element	Description
Connector	Connector for electrical connections.
Lead wire with M8 connector	Lead wire to supply power and transmit output signals.
Piping port	Port to connect the fluid inlet at IN and fluid outlet at OUT.
Bracket	Bracket for mounting the product.
Temperature sensor	Sensor for detecting the fluid temperature.
Flow adjustment valve	Restricting valve to adjust the flow rate.
Flow adjustment knob	Knob for adjusting the flow rate.
Lock ring	Ring for locking the flow adjustment valve.
Display	Displays the flow, settings and error codes (See below).

### Display



Element	Description
Main screen (2-colour display)	Displays the flow, the status of setting mode and error code.
Sub screen	Displays the accumulated flow, set value, peak/bottom value, fluid temperature and line names.
Output display (Indicator light)	Displays the output status of OUT1 and OUT2. When ON: Orange light is ON.
Unit display	Displays the unit selected.
UP button	Selects a mode and the display shown at the sub screen, and increases the ON/OFF set values.
SET button	Press this button to select mode and to confirm a set value.
DOWN button	Selects a mode and the display shown at the sub screen, and decreases the ON/OFF set values.

## ■ Definition and terminology

	Terms	Meaning
A	Accumulated flow	The total amount of fluid that has passed through the device. If an instantaneous flow of 10 L/min continues for 5 minutes, the accumulated flow will be $10 \times 5 = 50$ L.
	Accumulated flow external reset	A function to reset the accumulated flow to zero by using an external signal.
	Accumulated pulse output	A type of output where a pulse is generated every time a predefined accumulated flow passes. It is possible to calculate the total accumulated flow by counting the pulses.
	Analogue output	Outputs a value proportional to the flow rate. When the analogue output is in the range 1 to 5 V, it will vary between 1 to 5 V according to the rate of flow. The same for analogue output of 4 to 20 mA.
	Attachment	A metal part at both sides of the product to connect piping.
C	Cavitation	A phenomenon that may occur in a fluid moving at high speed. In the parts of the fluid where the pressure is low, vapour bubbles form and then rapidly collapse. If cavitation is present for a prolonged period, exposed surfaces will be damaged; this is called cavitation damage or erosion.
	Chattering	The problem of the switch output turning ON and OFF repeatedly around the set value at high frequency due to the effect of pulsation.
D	Display flow range	The range of measured values that can be displayed for a product with a digital display.
F	Fluid temperature	Range of fluid temperature that can be measured by the product.
	F.S. (Full span, Full scale)	Stands for "full span" or "full scale", and indicates varied analogue output range at rated value. For example, when analogue output is 1 to 5 V, F.S. = $5[V] - 1[V] = 4[V]$ , (ref. $1\%F.S. = 4[V] \times 1\% = 0.04[V]$ )
H	Holding of accumulated flow	A function to store the accumulated flow value in the product's internal memory. The flow value will be stored at a set time interval of either 2 or 5 minutes. When the power supply is turned on, the stored accumulated flow value will be displayed and accumulated flow will continue from that point.
	Hysteresis	The difference between ON and OFF points used to prevent chattering. Hysteresis can be effective in avoiding the effects of pulsation.
	Hysteresis mode	Mode where the switch output will turn ON when the flow is greater than the set value, and will turn off when the flow falls below (set value – hysteresis value).
I	Instantaneous flow	The flow passing per unit of time. If it is 10 L/min, there is a flow of 10 L passing through the device in 1 minute.
	Internal voltage drop	The voltage drop across the product (and therefore not applied to the load), when the switch output is ON. The voltage drop will vary with load current, and ideally should be 0 V.
K	Karman vortex	When an object is placed in a fluid stream, a vortex will be created in the fluid on the downstream side. This vortex is called a Karman vortex. The frequency at which the vortices are generated is proportional to the fluid velocity, therefore it is possible to calculate the fluid flow rate by measuring the Karman vortex frequency.
	Key-lock function	This function prevents the set value from being changed by mishandling.
M	Measured fluid	The fluid(s) that the product can measure.
	Min. setting unit	The resolution of set and display values. If the minimum setting unit is 1 L/min, the display will change in 1 L/min steps, e.g. 10.....11.....12 L/min.

	Terms	Meaning
O	Operating pressure range	Pressure range in which product is operable.
	Operating temp. range	Ambient temperature range in which product is operable.
P	Part in contact with fluid (wetted part)	A part that comes into physical contact with the fluid.
	Power saving mode	The condition in which the digital display turns off and the current consumption is reduced.
	Pressure characteristics	Indicates the change in the display value and analogue output when fluid pressure changes.
	Proof pressure	Burst pressure at which the product is electrically or mechanically damaged.
R	Rated flow range	The flow range within which the product will meet all published specifications.
	Rated pressure range	The pressure range that satisfies the specifications.
	Repeatability	Reproducibility of the display or analogue output value, when the measured quantity is repeatedly increased and decreased.
	Response time	Time from when the target flow is applied until the flow reaches 90% of the set value.
S	Set flow range	The range of ON/OFF threshold values that can be set for those products with a switch output.
	Switch output	Output type that has only 2 conditions, ON or OFF. When in the ON condition an indicator light will show, and any connected load will be powered. When in the OFF condition, there will be no indicator light and no power supplied to the load.
T	Temperature characteristics	Indicates the change in the display value and analogue output caused by ambient temperature changes.
U	Unit selection function	A function to select display units other than the international unit (SI unit) specified in the new Japanese measurement law. Flow can only be displayed by SI units in Japan.
	Union	Fitting which is connected to the vinyl chloride piping (tube piping).
W	Water hammer	A momentary steep pressure increase due the spread of pressure by closing a contactor such as a valve for an extremely short time while there is a flow. This pressure increase is known as water hammer or impact pressure.
	Window comparator mode	An operating mode in which the switch output is turned on and off depending on whether the flow is inside or outside the range of two set values.

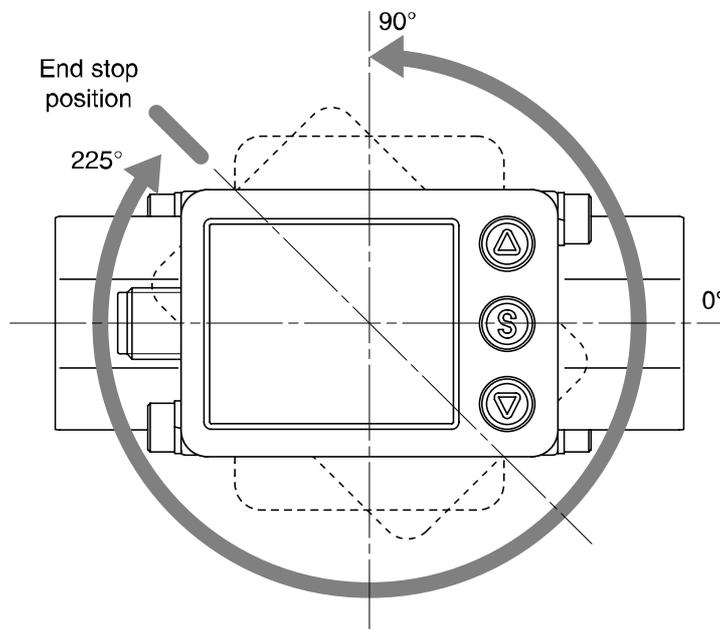
## Mounting and Installation

### Installation

- Use the product within the specified operating pressure and temperature range.
- Proof pressure is 1.5 MPa. Proof pressure could vary according to the fluid temperature. Check the characteristics data for operating pressure and proof pressure.

### Mounting

- Never mount the product in a location where it will be used as a support.
- Mount the product so that the fluid flows in the direction indicated by the arrow on the side of the body.
- Check the flow characteristics data for pressure loss and the straight inlet pipe length effect on accuracy (page 70), to determine inlet piping requirements.
- Do not sharply reduce the piping size.
- The monitor with integrated display can be rotated. It can be set at 90° intervals clock and anticlockwise, and also at 45° and 225° clockwise. Rotating the display with excessive force will damage the end stop.



## ■ Installation

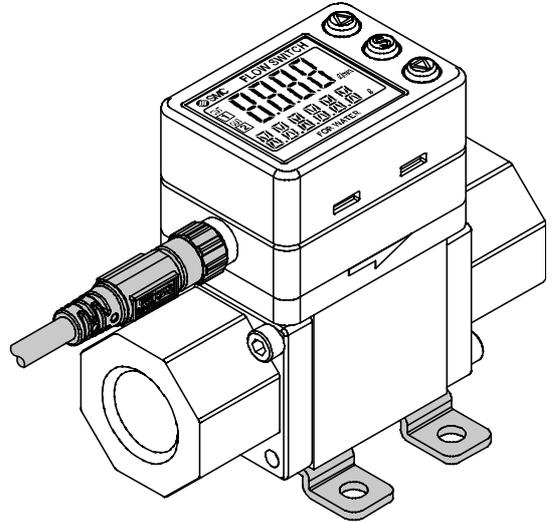
### Bracket mounting (PF3W704/720/740)

Mount the product (with bracket) using the mounting screws supplied (M4 x 4 pcs.).

For models with flow adjustment valve attached, fix using 8 mounting screws.

Bracket thickness is approx. 1.5 mm.

Refer to the outline dimension drawing (page 77) for mounting hole sizes.

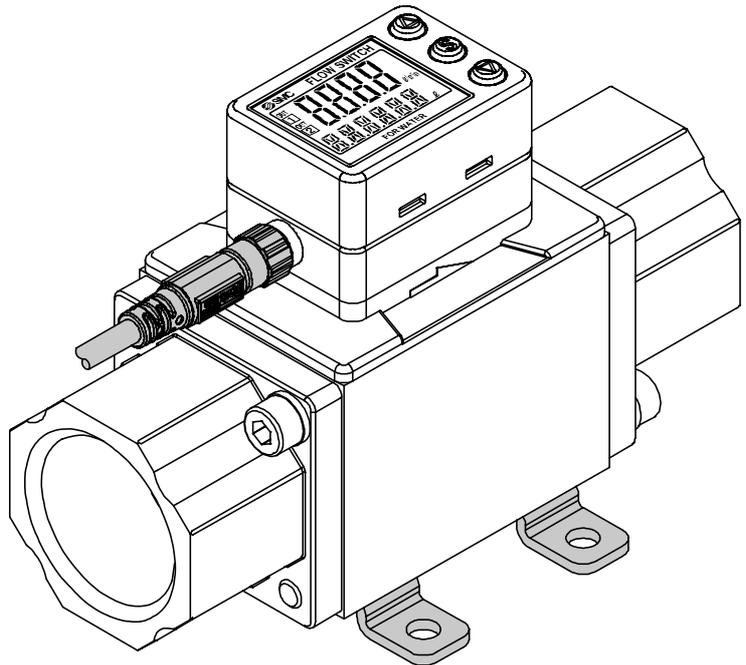


### Bracket mounting (PF3W711)

Mount the product (with bracket) using the mounting screws supplied (M5 x 4 pcs.).

The thickness of the bracket plate is approx. 2 mm.

Refer to the outline dimension drawing (page 77) for mounting hole sizes.



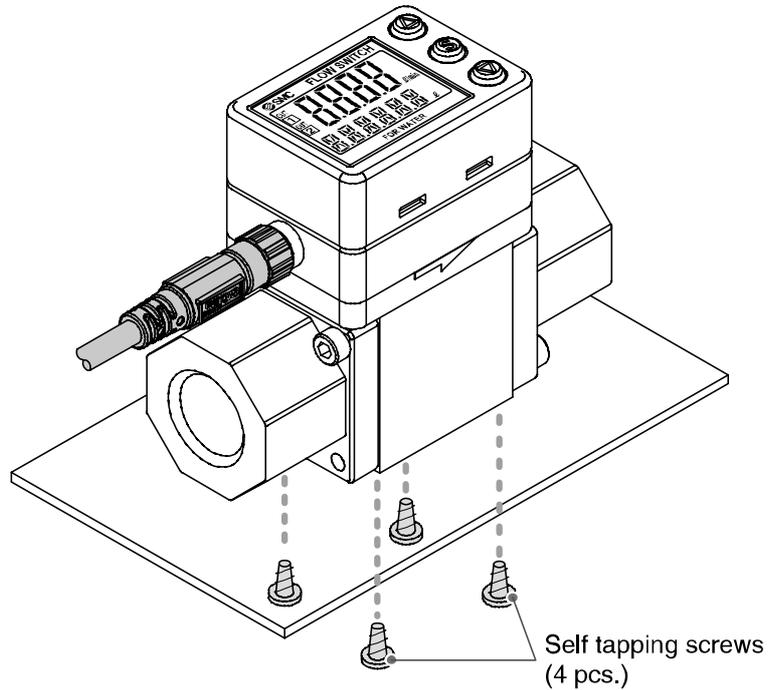
### Direct mounting (PF3W704/720/740)

Mount using the self tapping screws (nominal size: 3.0 x 4 pcs.) for installation.

For models with flow adjustment valve attached, mount using 8 self tapping screws.

The tightening torque must be 0.5 to 0.7 Nm.

Refer to the outline dimension drawing (page 77) for mounting hole dimensions. The self tapping screws should not be re-used.



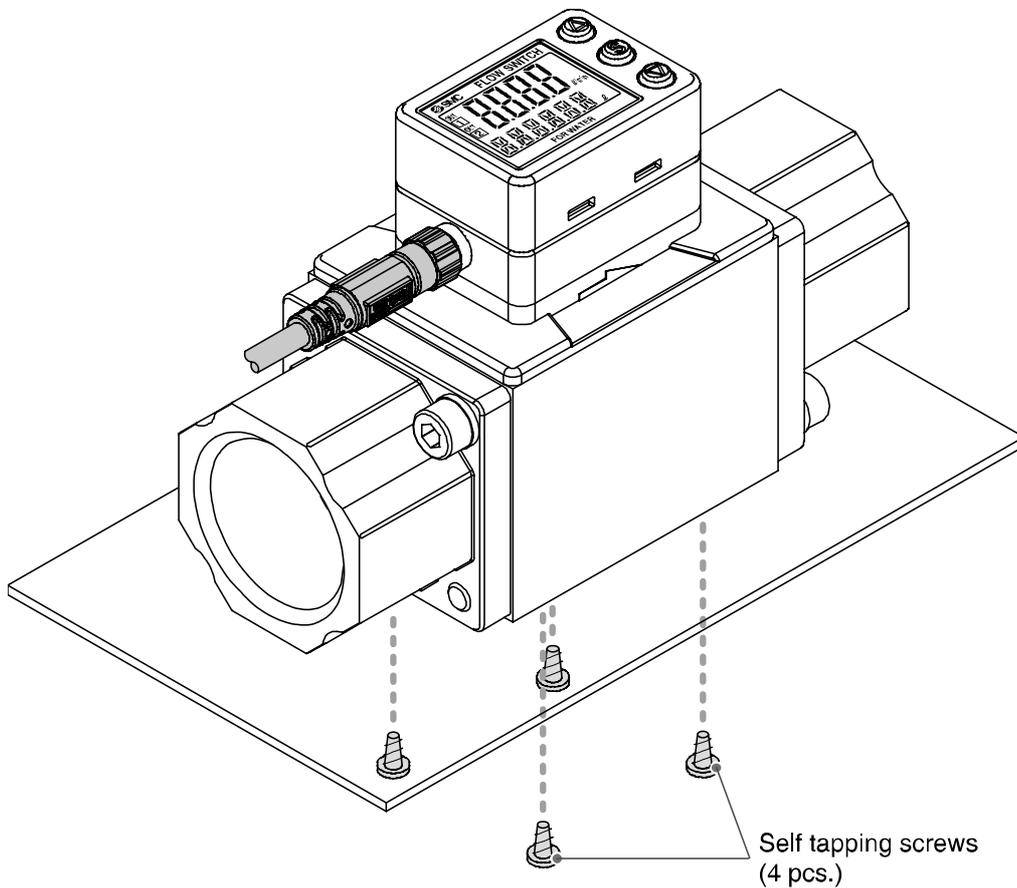
### Direct mounting (PF3W711)

Mount using the self tapping screws (nominal size: 4.0 x 4 pcs.) for installation.

The tightening torque must be 1.0 to 1.2 Nm.

Refer to the outline dimension drawing (page 77) for mounting hole dimensions.

The self tapping screws should not be re-used.

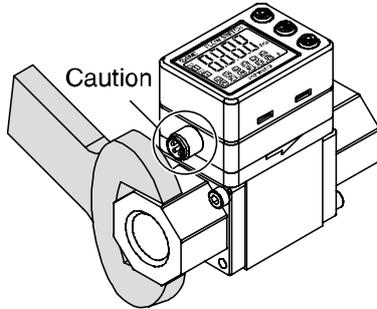


## ■Piping

When connecting piping to the product, a spanner should be used on the metal piping attachment only. Using a spanner on other parts may damage the product.

In particular, do not let the spanner come into contact with the M8 connector.

The connector can be easily damaged.



Width across flats of attachment

3/8	24 mm
1/2	27 mm
3/4	32 mm
1	41 mm

Tighten to the specified torque for piping.

The tightening torque for connection threads is shown in the table below.

Nominal thread size	Tightening torque
Rc(NPT)3/8	22 to 24 Nm
Rc(NPT)1/2	28 to 30 Nm
Rc(NPT)3/4	28 to 30 Nm
Rc(NPT)1	36 to 38 Nm

If the tightening torque is exceeded, the product can be broken. If the correct tightening torque is not applied, the fittings may become loose.

Avoid any sealing tape getting inside the piping.

Ensure there is no leakage from loose piping.

## ⚠ Caution

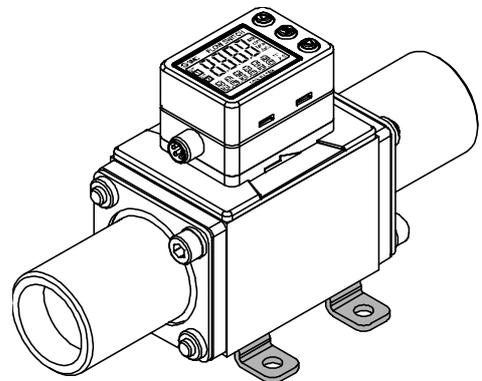
### Vinyl chloride piping

- Mounting and joining of the vinyl chloride fitting (union)

The vinyl chloride fitting (union) must be mounted and joined by an engineer with sufficient knowledge. Be sure to confirm that there is no leakage from the fitting after mounting and joining. If it is mounted and joined by a person who does not have sufficient knowledge and skills, it may lead to failure such as leakage.

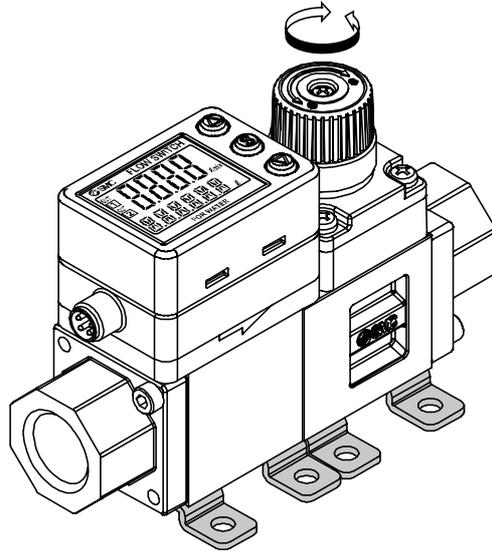
- When selecting adhesive for the vinyl chloride fitting (union), confirm that its heat resistance and endurance are compatible with the operating temperature of the fluids used.

Otherwise, this may cause leakage and damage.



### How to adjust the flow rate (when a flow adjustment valve is mounted)

- (1) Rotate the knob of the valve to adjust the flow rate to the target value.
- (2) Be sure to confirm that there is no fluid leakage generated after adjustment.  
(When fluid leakage is generated, open and close the valve several times for re-adjustment, and confirm that there is no fluid leakage.)
- (3) Tighten the lock ring to fix the valve as necessary.



The flow adjustment valve is not designed for applications that require daily and repetitive adjustment. If the valve is adjusted frequently, fluid may leak due to wear of the internal seal.

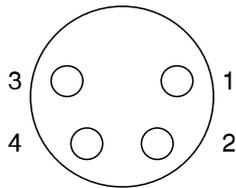
## ■Wiring

### Wiring of connector

Connections should only be made with the power supply turned off.

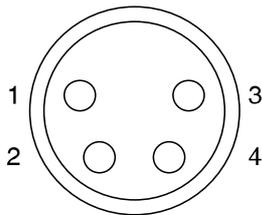
Use separate routes for the Flow switch wiring and any power or high voltage wiring. Otherwise, malfunction may result due to noise.

Ensure that the FG terminal is connected to ground when using a commercially available switch-mode power supply. When a switch-mode power supply is connected to the product, switching noise will be superimposed and the product specification can no longer be met. This can be prevented by inserting a noise filter, such as a line noise filter and ferrite core, between the switch-mode power supply and the product, or by using a series power supply instead of a switch-mode power supply.

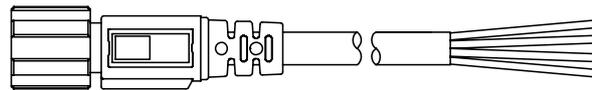


Pin number of the connector (On the product)

1	DC(+)
2	OUT2
3	DC(-)
4	OUT1



Pin number of the connector (On the lead wire)



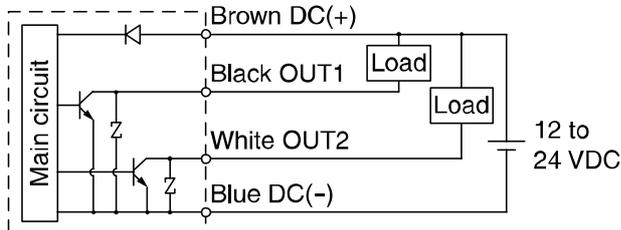
1	DC(+): Brown
2	OUT2: White
3	DC(-): Blue
4	OUT1: Black

\*: When using the lead wire with M8 connector included with the PF3W7 series.

## Examples of Internal Circuit and Wiring

### NPN 2 Output type

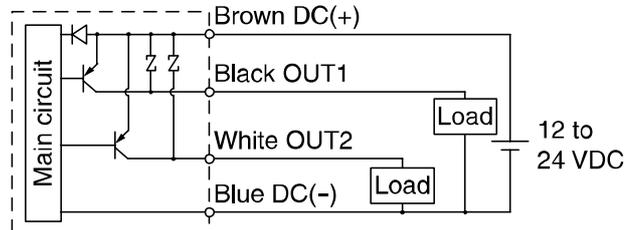
PF3W7□□-□□-A(T)-□□□□



Maximum 28 V, 80 mA  
Internal voltage drop 1 V or less

### PNP 2 Output type

PF3W7□□-□□-B(T)-□□□□



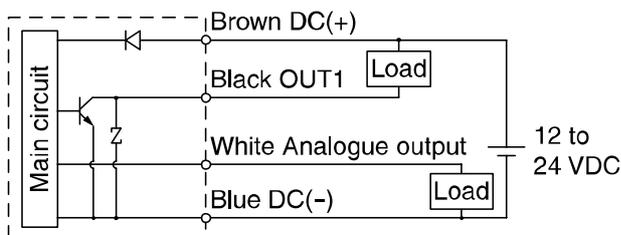
Maximum 80 mA  
Internal voltage drop 1.5 V or less

### NPN + Analogue output type

PF3W7□□-□□-C(T)-□□□□

### NPN + Analogue output type

PF3W7□□-□□-D(T)-□□□□



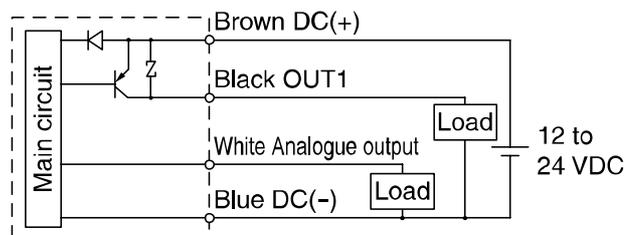
Maximum 28 V, 80 mA  
Internal voltage drop 1 V or less  
C: Analogue output 1 to 5 V  
Output impedance approx. 1 kΩ  
D: Analogue output 4 to 20 mA  
Maximum load impedance  
Power supply voltage 12 V: 300 Ω  
Power supply voltage 24 V: 600 Ω

### PNP + Analogue output type

PF3W7□□-□□-E(T)-□□□□

### PNP + Analogue output type

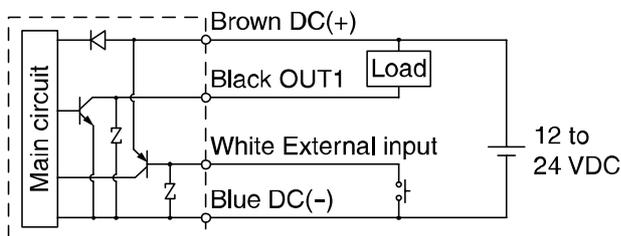
PF3W7□□-□□-F(T)-□□□□



Maximum 80 mA  
Internal voltage drop 1.5 V or less  
E: Analogue output 1 to 5 V  
Output impedance approx. 1 kΩ  
F: Analogue output 4 to 20 mA  
Maximum load impedance  
Power supply voltage 12 V: 300 Ω  
Power supply voltage 24 V: 600 Ω

### NPN + External input type

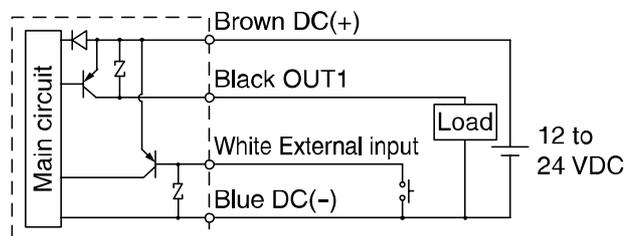
PF3W7□□-□□-G-□□□□



Maximum 28 V, 80 mA  
Internal voltage drop 1 V or less  
External input: Voltage free contact  
Reed or solid state input  
30 ms minimum duration

### PNP + External input type

PF3W7□□-□□-H-□□□□



Maximum 80 mA  
Internal voltage drop 1.5 V or less  
External input: Voltage free contact  
Reed or solid state input  
30 ms minimum duration

### Example of wiring for accumulated pulse output

NPN 2 output type

PF3W7□□-□□-A(T)-□□□□

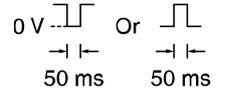
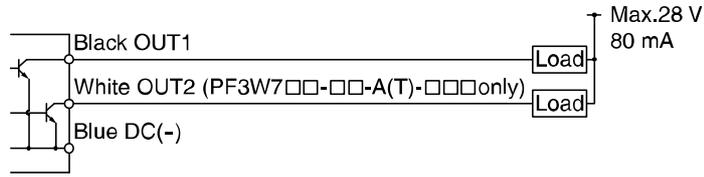
NPN + Analogue output type

PF3W7□□-□□-C(T)-□□□□

PF3W7□□-□□-D(T)-□□□□

NPN + External input type

PF3W7□□-□□-G□□□□



PNP 2 output type

PF3W7□□-□□-B(T)-□□□□

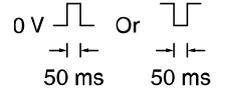
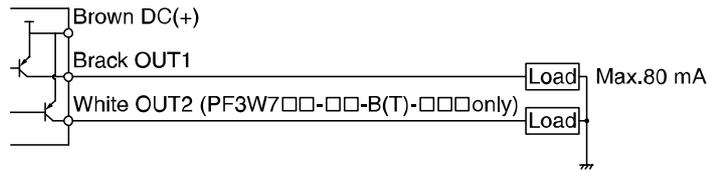
PNP + Analogue output type

PF3W7□□-□□-E(T)-□□□□

PF3W7□□-□□-F(T)-□□□□

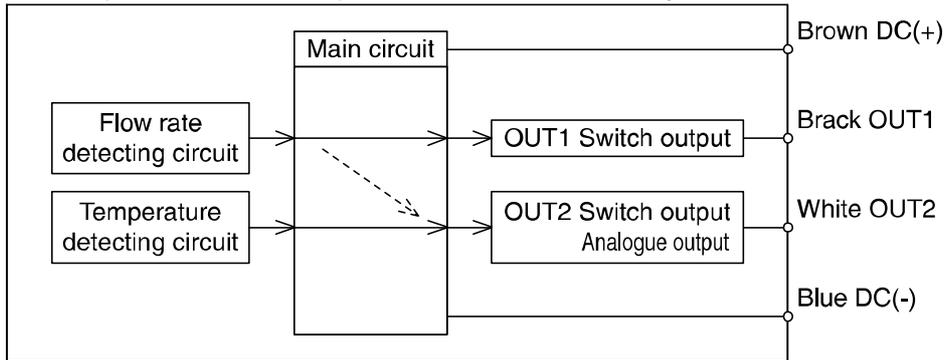
PNP + External input type

PF3W7□□-□□-H-□□□□



When accumulated pulse output is selected, the indicator light is turned off.

The temperature sensor output is available at OUT2 only.

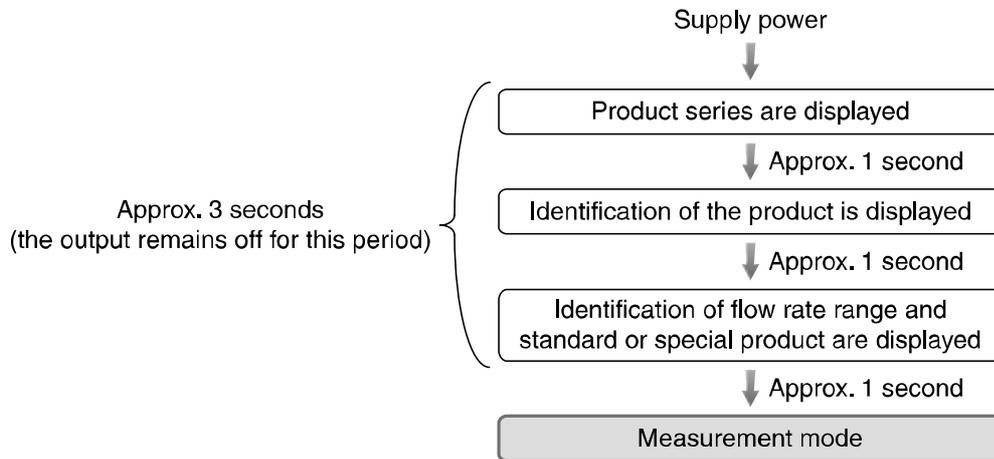


The output at OUT2 can be selected between temperature and flow by button operation.

# Flow (Temperature) Setting

## Measurement mode

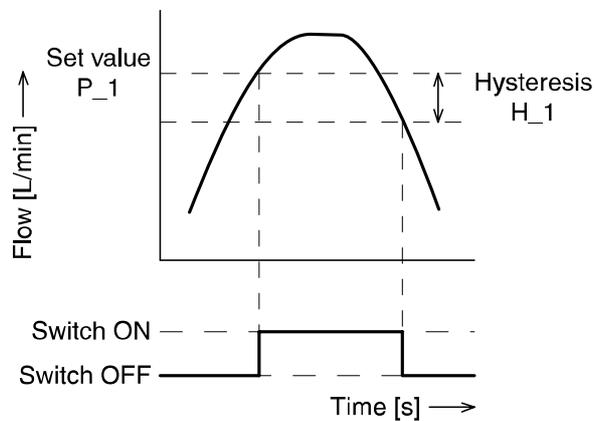
The mode in which the flow is detected and displayed, and the switch function is operating. This is the basic operating mode; other modes should be selected for set-point and other function setting changes.



Setting the ON and OFF points of the switch output.

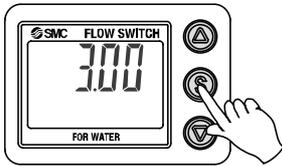
## Switch operation

When the flow exceeds the set value, the switch will be turned ON. When the flow falls below the set value by the amount of hysteresis or more, the switch will be turned OFF. If the operation shown below is acceptable, please keep this setting.

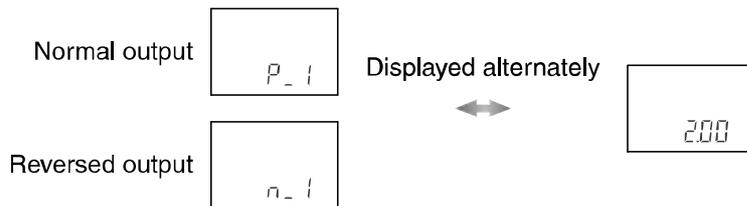


<Operation>

1. Press the  $\text{\$}$  button in measurement mode to display set values.

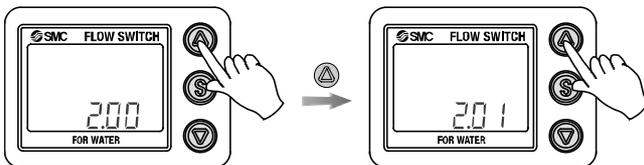


2. [P\_1] or [n\_1] and the set value are displayed alternately.

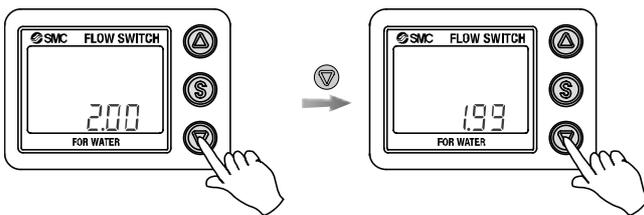


3. Press the  $\Delta$  or  $\nabla$  button to change the set value.  
The  $\Delta$  button is to increase and the  $\nabla$  button is to decrease the set value.

- Press the  $\Delta$  button once to increase by one digit, or press and hold to continuously increase.



- Press the  $\nabla$  button once to decrease by one digit, or press and hold to continuously decrease.



4. Press the  $\text{\$}$  button to finish the setting.

The switch turns on within a set flow range (from P1L to P1H) during window comparator mode. Set P1L (switch lower limit) and P1H (switch upper limit) using the setting procedure above. When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n1L] and [n1H]. For models with 2 outputs, [P\_2] or [n\_2] will be displayed. Set as above. For models with the temperature sensor attached, [tn] will be displayed. When the fluid temperature falls below the set value, the output turns on.

\*: If a button operation is not performed for 30 seconds during the change of setting, the set value will start flashing.

# Function Setting

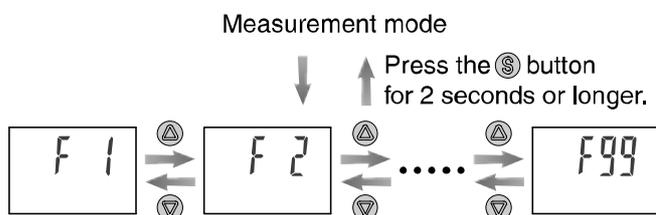
## Function selection mode

In measurement mode, when the **Ⓢ** button is pressed for 2 seconds or longer, [F 1] is displayed.

This [F□□] indicates the mode for changing each functional setting.

Press the **Ⓢ** button for 2 seconds or longer to return to measurement mode.

\*: The sub screen displays the content of function and the setting of the function alternately.



The function number is increased and decreased by the **⏮** and **⏭** buttons. Display the required function number and press the **Ⓢ** button.

## ■ Default settings

The default settings are provided as follows.

If these settings are acceptable, retain for use.

To change a setting, enter function selection mode (Refer to the table below).

### ● [F 1] Setting of OUT1 ➡ See page 28.

Item	Content	Default setting
Output mode	Selects the switch output type from: Instantaneous flow (either hysteresis or window comparator mode), accumulated flow or accumulated pulse.	Hysteresis mode
Reversed output	Selects which type of switch output is used, normal or reverse.	Normal output
Set value	Sets the ON or OFF point of the switch output.	50% of rated flow
Hysteresis	Setting of hysteresis can prevent chattering.	5% of rated flow
Display colour	The display colour can be selected.	Output ON: Green Output OFF: Red

### ● [F 2] Setting of OUT2 ➡ See page 36.

Item	Content	Default setting
Output mode	Selects the switch output type from: Instantaneous flow (either hysteresis or window comparator mode), accumulated flow or accumulated pulse.	Hysteresis mode
Reversed output	Selects which type of switch output is used, normal or reverse.	Normal output
Set value	Sets the ON or OFF point of the switch output.	50% of rated flow
Hysteresis	Setting of hysteresis can prevent chattering.	5% of rated flow

\*: Display colour is linked to the setting of OUT1, and can not be selected.

### •With the temperature sensor

Item	Content	Default setting
Output mode	Selects the output type for fluid temperature from either hysteresis or window comparator mode.	Hysteresis mode
Reversed output	Selects which type of switch output is used, normal or reverse.	Reversed output
Set value	Sets the ON or OFF point of the switch output.	50 °C
Hysteresis	Setting of hysteresis can prevent chattering.	5 °C

●Other parameter settings

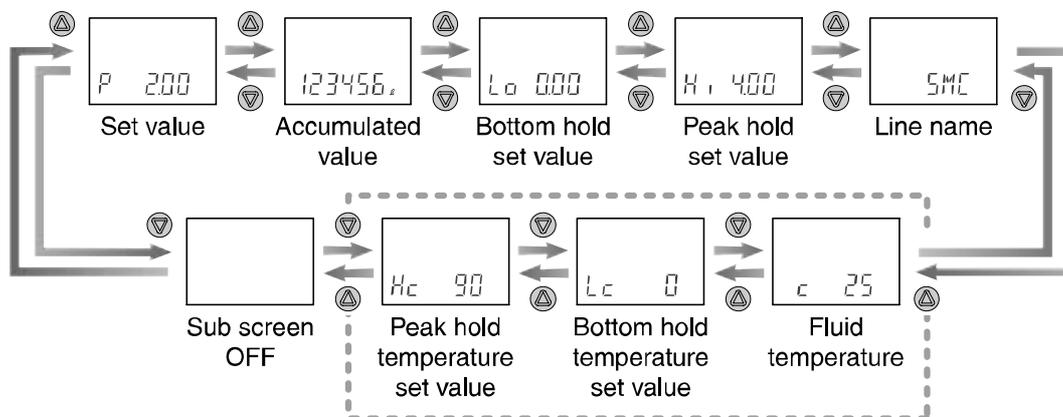
Item	Page	Default setting / With the temperature sensor in parenthesis
[F 3] Response time setting	Page 42	1 second
[F10] Selection of sub screen	Page 43	Display of set value (Display of fluid temperature)
[F20] Setting of external input	Page 47	Accumulated flow external reset
[F22] Setting of analogue output	Page 48	Free range analogue output for instantaneous flow: OFF * (Analogue output for fluid temperature)
[F30] Storing of accumulated flow	Page 50	OFF [not held]
[F80] Setting of power saving mode	Page 51	No setting [display is turned on]
[F81] Setting of security code	Page 52	OFF
[F82] Input of line name	Page 53	No name [*****]
[F90] Setting of all functions	Page 54	OFF
[F98] Output check	Page 55	OFF
[F99] Reset to the default settings	Page 56	OFF

\*: When the temperature sensor is attached, the free range analogue output function for fluid temperature is not available.

**Display of sub screen**

In measurement mode, the display of the sub screen can be temporarily changed by pressing the  $\Delta$  or  $\nabla$  buttons.

\*: After 30 seconds, it will automatically reset to the display selected in [F10]. (See page 43.)



\*: This setting screen is only displayed if the temperature sensor is attached.

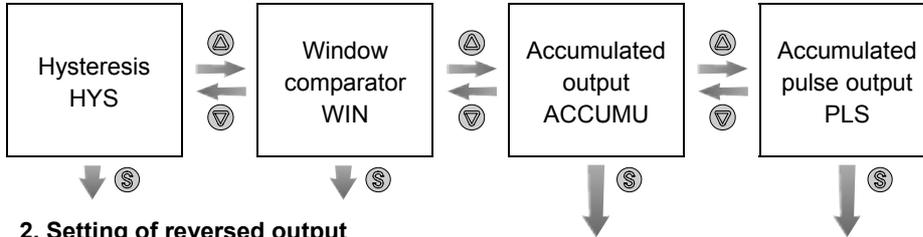
The set values and accumulated output of OUT2 cannot be displayed. (Example shown is for 4 L/min type)

## ■ [F 1] Setting of OUT1

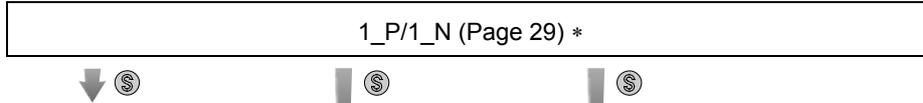
The output mode of OUT1 can be selected.

<Flowchart of functions>

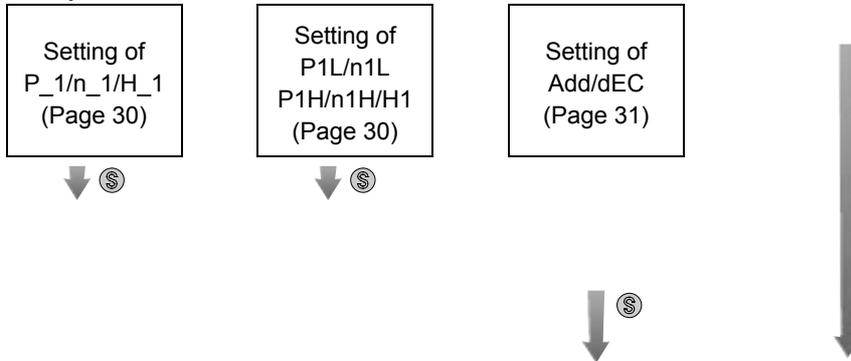
### 1. Selection of output mode



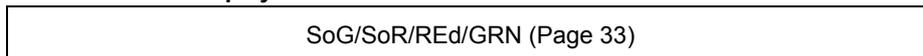
### 2. Setting of reversed output



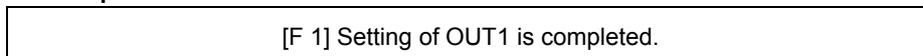
### 3. Input of set values



### 4. Selection of display colour



### 5. Completed



\*: By switching to reversed output, the display colour will change in relation to the setting.

<Operation>

### 1. Selection of output mode

Press the or button in function selection mode to display [F 1] on the main screen.

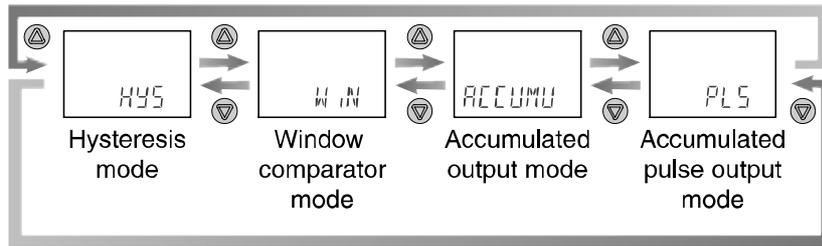


➔ The sub screen displays [oUt1] and the currently set output mode alternately.

↓ Press the button.



➔ Sub screen

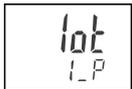


Press the or button to select the output mode.

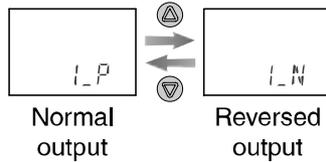
Press the button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of reversed output.

- \*: If a button operation is not performed for 30 seconds during the change of setting, the display will flash.  
(This is to prevent the setting from remaining incomplete if, for instance, an operator were to leave during setting.)
- \*: When the accumulated pulse output is selected, the output display will turn off.

### 2. Setting of reversed output



➔ Sub screen



Press the or button to select the reversed output.

Press the button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the input of set values.  
(ON and OFF points)

### 3. Input of set values

#### a. When hysteresis output mode is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n\_1].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of hysteresis.

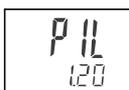


➡ The sub screen displays the hysteresis value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the selection of display colour. (See page 33.)

\*: The set value and hysteresis limit each other.

#### b. When window comparator output mode is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n1L].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the input of set values for [P1H] (or [n1H]).



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n1H].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of hysteresis.

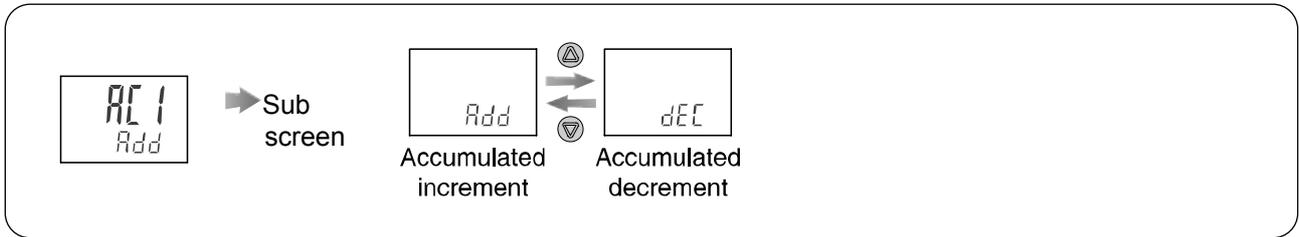


➡ The sub screen displays the hysteresis value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the selection of display colour. (See page 33.)

c. When accumulated output mode is selected.

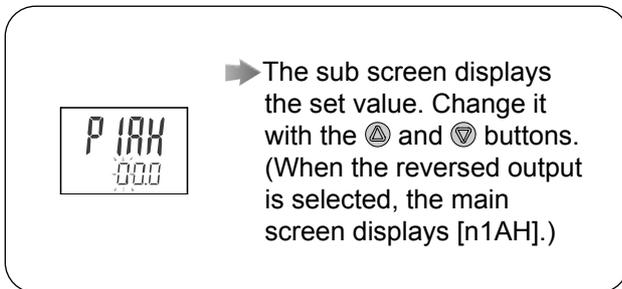
Selection of accumulated increment or decrement



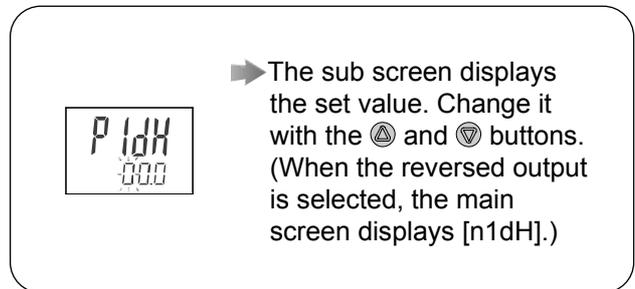
Press the ▲ or ▼ button to select the output mode.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the input of set values.

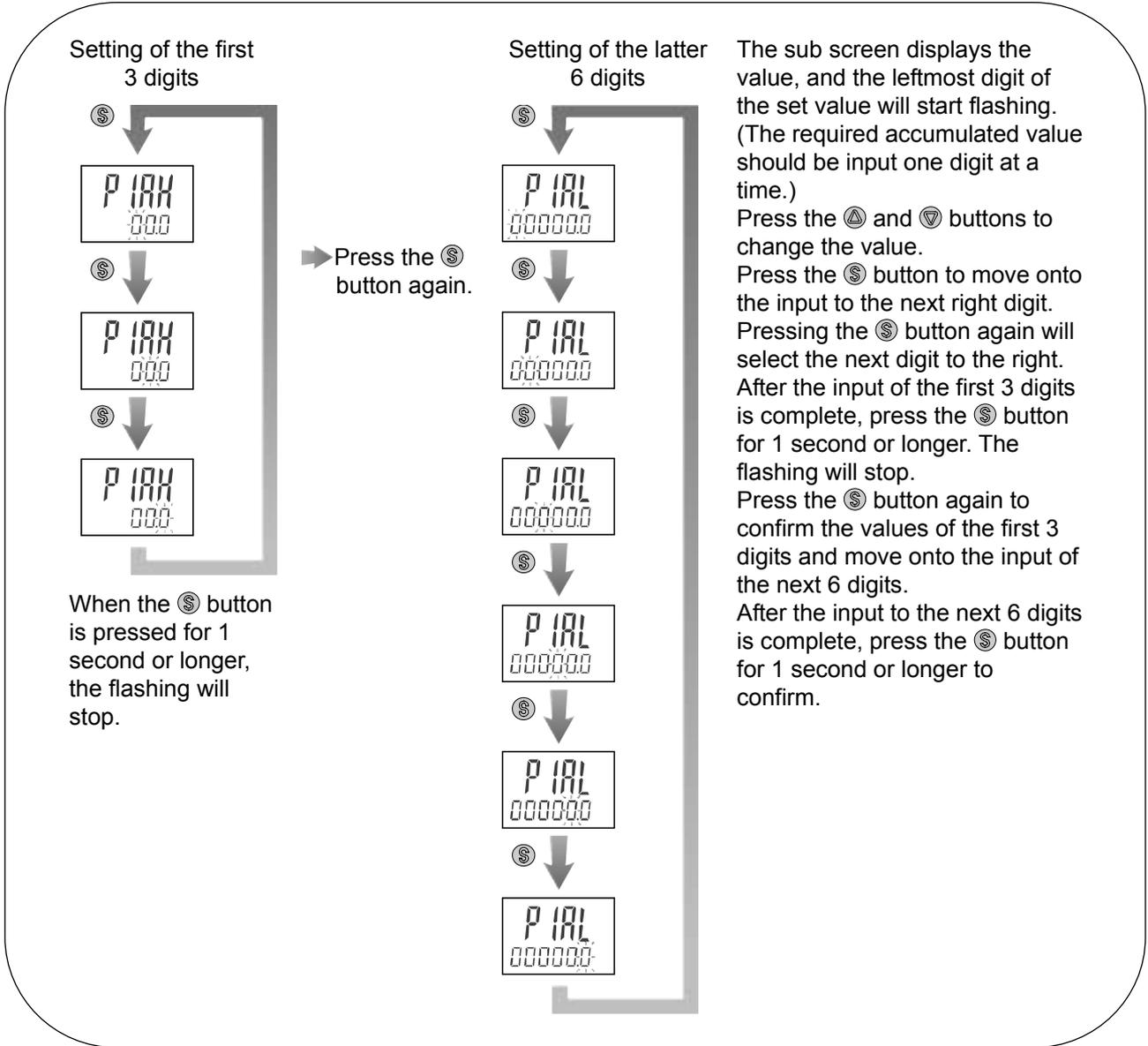
When accumulated increment is selected.



When accumulated decrement is selected.



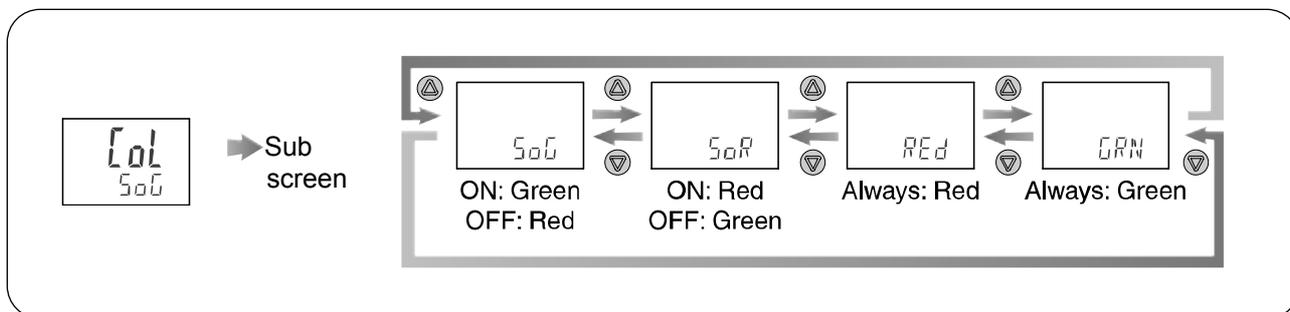
↓ (Continued)



Press the **S** button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the selection of display colour.

#### 4. Selection of display colour

Display colour can be set to change depending upon the status of OUT1.



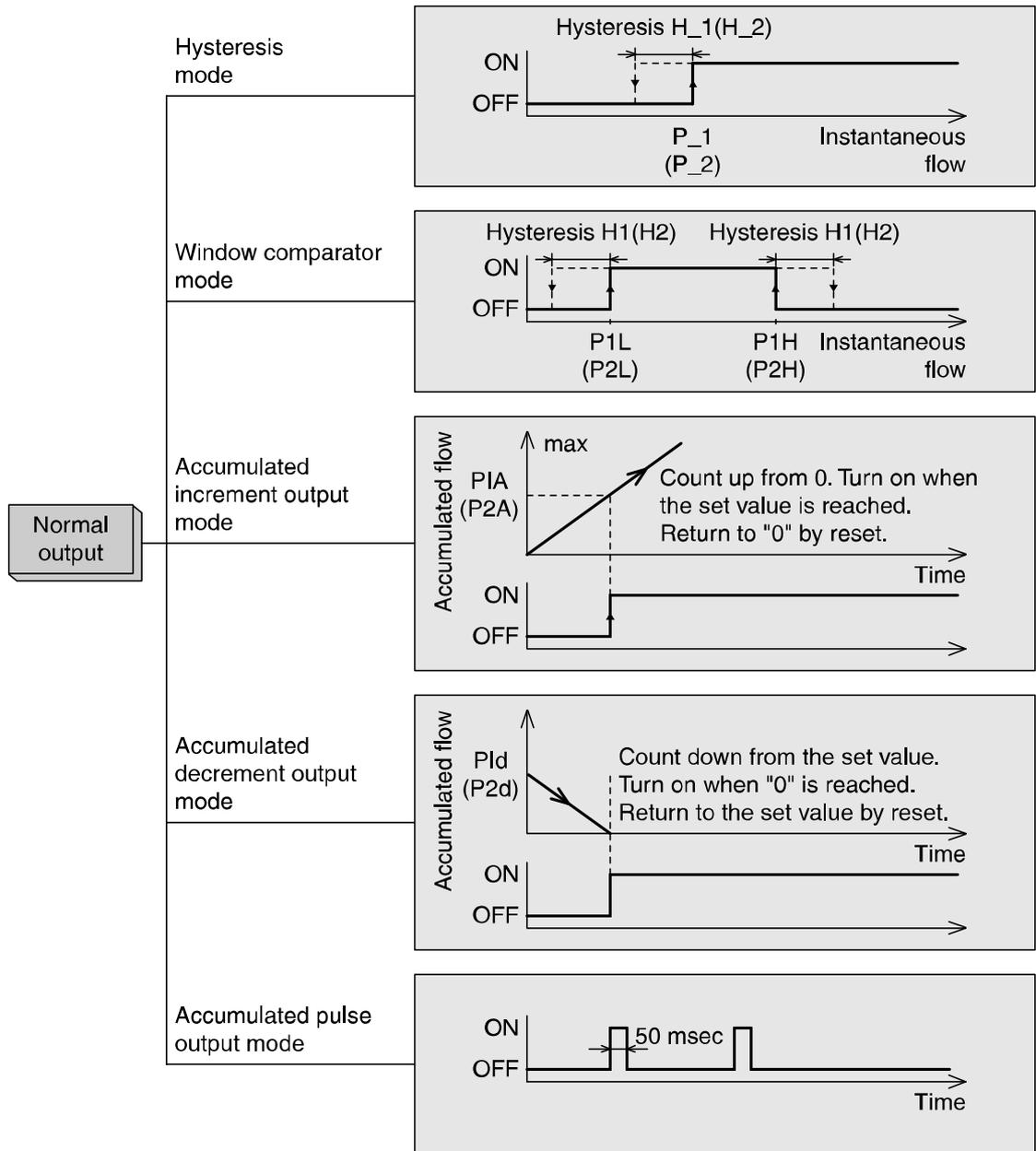
Press the or button to select the display colour.

Press the button to confirm. Return to the function selection mode.

#### 5. Completed

[F 1] Setting of OUT1 is completed.

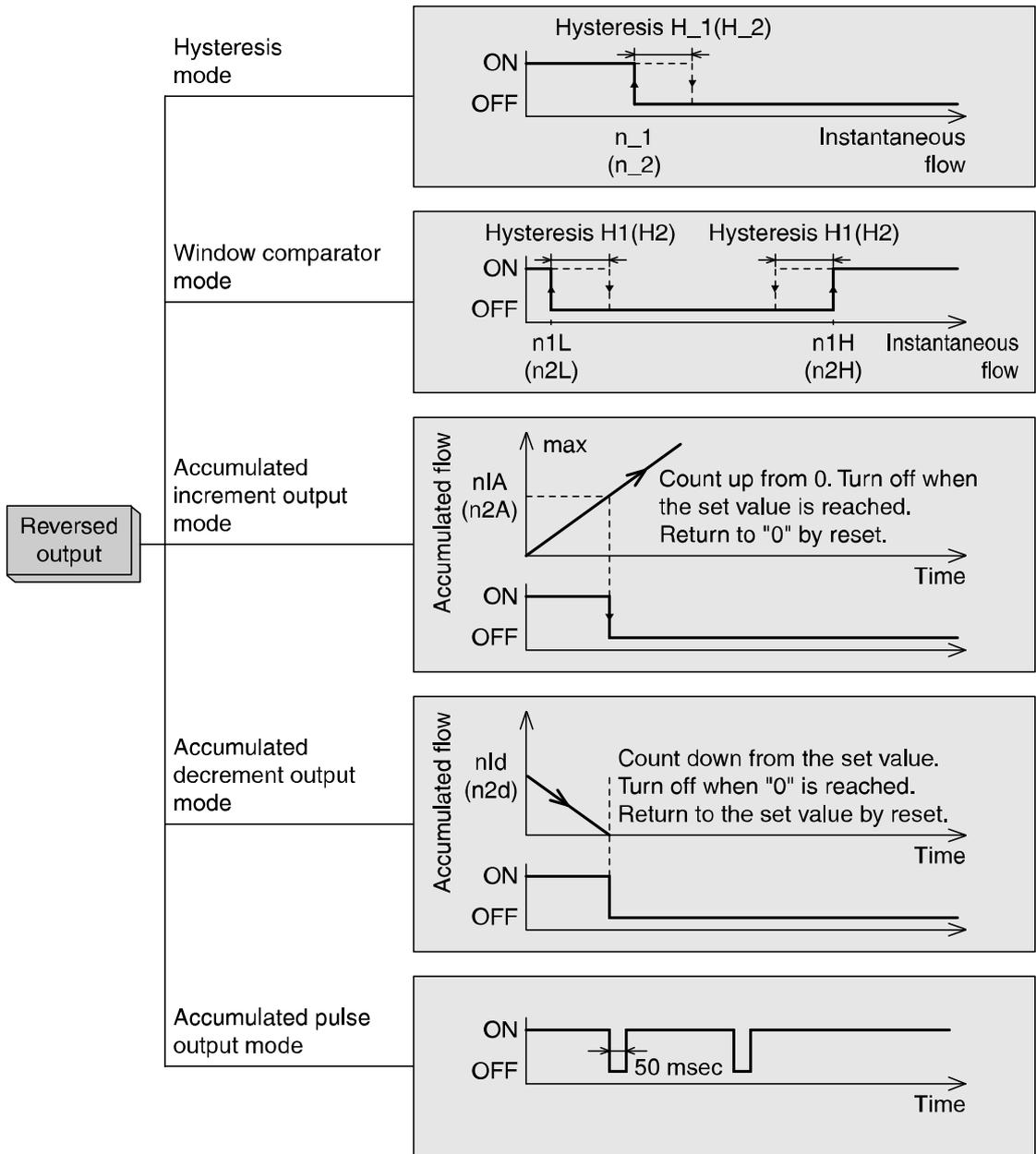
oList of output modes



\*: If hysteresis or window comparator mode is selected and there is an unstable flow condition (due to fluid pulsation, for example), unstable output operation can result.

In such situations, keep sufficient margin between the set values and confirm that the output operation stabilizes.

\*: When the accumulated pulse output is selected, the output display will turn off.

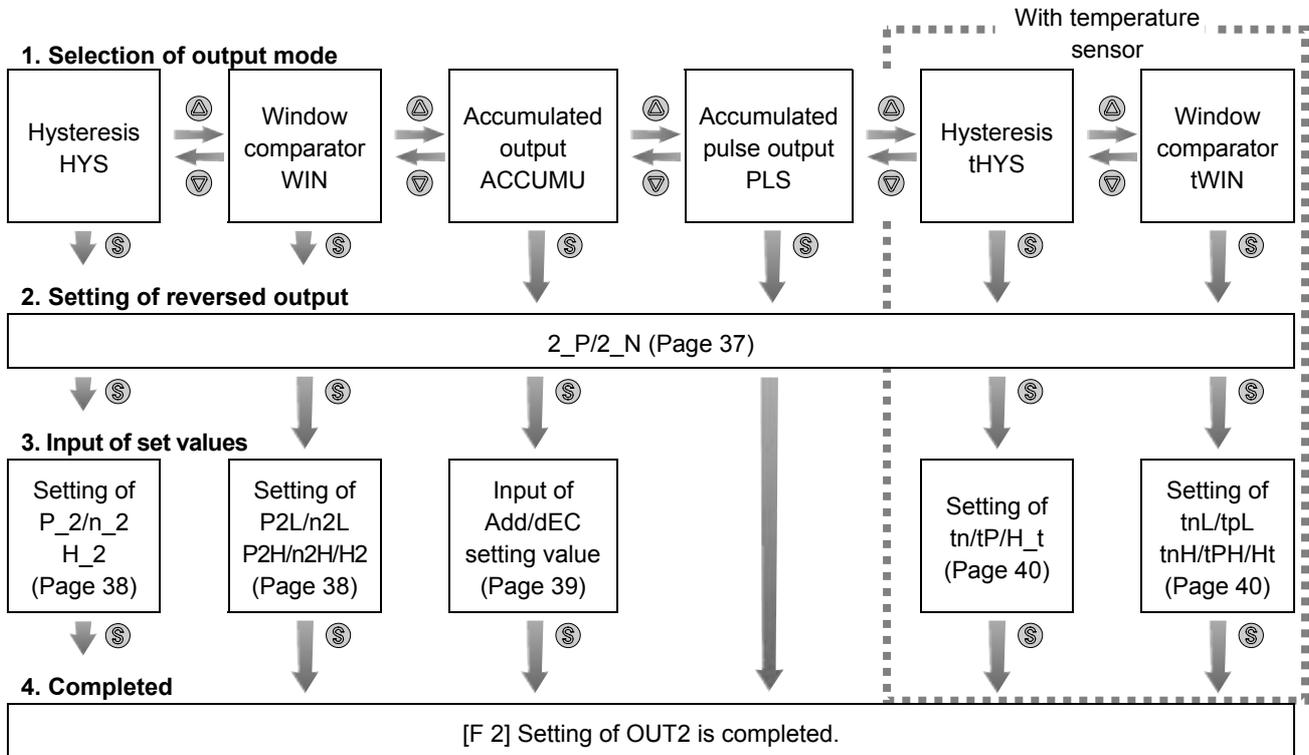


## ■[F 2] Setting of OUT2

The output mode of OUT2 can be selected.

The display colour is defined by OUT1 and cannot be changed with any OUT2 settings.

<Flowchart of functions>



<Operation>

### 1. Selection of output mode

Press the or button in function selection mode to display [F 2] on the main screen.

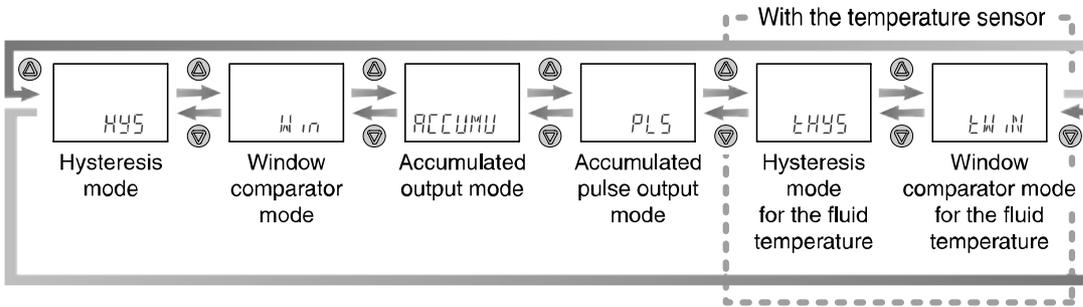


➔ The sub screen displays [oUt2] and the currently set output mode alternately.  
\*: If OUT2 is not provided, the display will be [---].

↓ Press the button.



↓ Sub screen



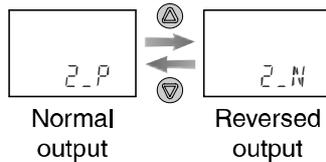
Press the or button to select the output mode.

Press the button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of reversed output.

### 2. Setting of reversed output



➔ Sub screen



Press the or button to select reversed output.

Press the button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the input of set values.  
(ON and OFF points)

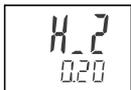
### 3. Input of set values

#### a. When hysteresis output mode is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n\_2].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of hysteresis.



➡ The sub screen displays the hysteresis value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

#### 4. Completed

[F 2] Setting of OUT2 is completed.

\*: The set value and hysteresis limit each other.

#### b. When window comparator output mode is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n2L].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the input of set values for [P2H] (or [n2H]).



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n2H].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of hysteresis.



➡ The sub screen displays the hysteresis value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

#### 4. Completed

[F 2] Setting of OUT2 is completed.

c. When accumulated output mode is selected.

Selection of accumulated increment or decrement

The setting of Add/dEC is linked to the setting of OUT1, and can not be selected. (See page 31.)

When accumulated increment is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons. (When the reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n2AH].)

When accumulated decrement is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons. (When the reversed output is selected, the main screen displays [n2dH].)

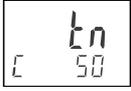
For details, refer to "c. When accumulated output mode is selected" on page 31.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

**4. Completed**

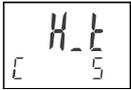
[F 2] Setting of OUT2 is completed.

d. When hysteresis mode for fluid temperature is selected



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When the normal output is selected, the main screen displays [ tP].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of hysteresis.



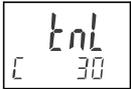
➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

**4. Completed**

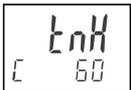
[F 2] Setting of OUT2 is completed.

e. When window comparator mode for fluid temperature is selected.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When the normal output is selected, the main screen displays [ tPL].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the input of set values for [ tPH] (or [ tNH]).



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.  
(When the normal output is selected, the main screen displays [ tPH].)

Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Move on to the setting of hysteresis.



➡ The sub screen displays the set value. Change it with the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

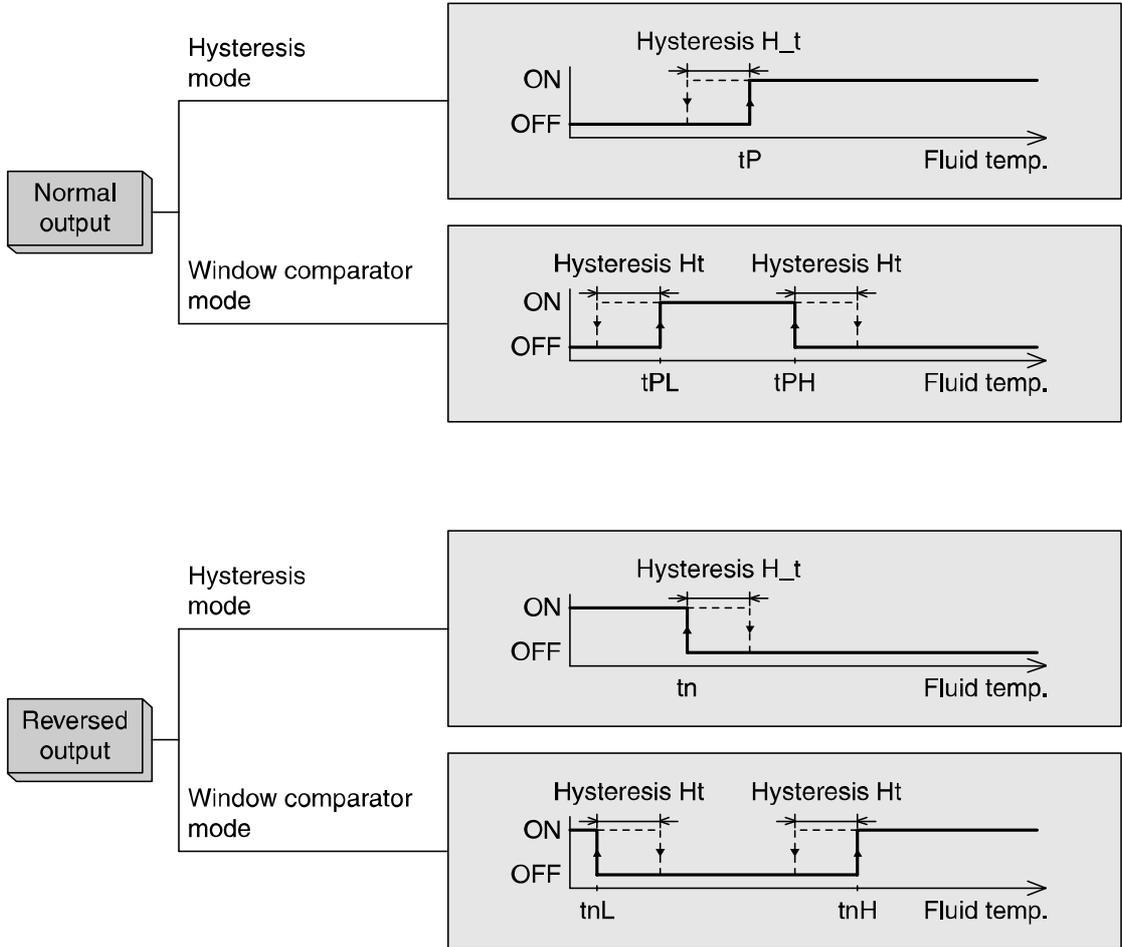
Press the Ⓢ button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

**4. Completed**

[F 2] Setting of OUT2 is completed.

\*: The left most digit [c] shows Centigrade (°C). The digit [F] shows Fahrenheit (°F). (Fahrenheit is available as made to order.)

○List of output modes for fluid temperature



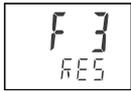
### ■[F 3] Response time setting

The response time of the switch output can be set.

Appropriate setting of the response time can prevent the switch output from chattering.

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F 3] on the main screen.

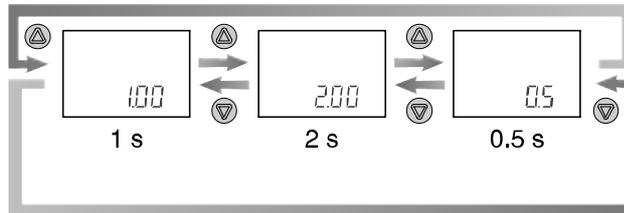


➔ The sub screen displays [RES] and the current set value alternately.

↓ Press the  button.



➔ Sub screen



Press the  or  button to select the response time.

Press the  button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

[F 3] Response time setting is completed.

\*: The response time of the temperature sensor is set about 7 seconds and no connection with this setting value.

## ■[F10] Selection of sub screen

The display shown on the sub screen during measurement mode can be set.

- Switch point value display: Displays the set value for switch point of OUT1.  
(The set value for the switch point of OUT2 can not be displayed.)
- Accumulated value display: Displays the accumulated value of OUT1.  
(The accumulated value of OUT2 can not be displayed.)
- Peak value display: Displays the maximum measured flow rate value since the last reset.
- Bottom value display: Displays the minimum measured flow rate value since the last reset.
- Display of line name: Displays the name of the line.
- Display of fluid temperature: Displays the temperature of fluid.
- Temperature bottom display: The bottom value of fluid temperature displayed.
- Temperature peak display: The peak value of fluid temperature displayed.
- OFF: Displays nothing.

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F10] on the main screen.



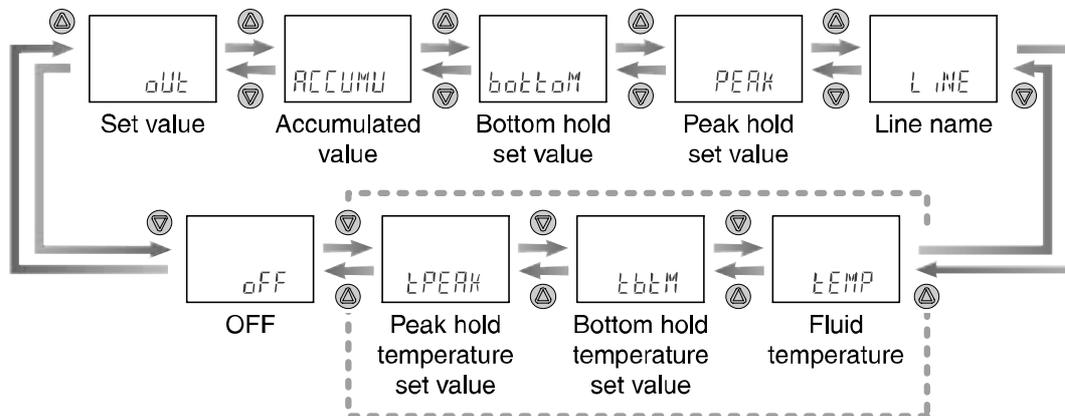
➔ The sub screen displays [Sub] and the current set value alternately.

↓ Press the  button.



➔ The sub screen displays the current set value.

↓ Sub screen

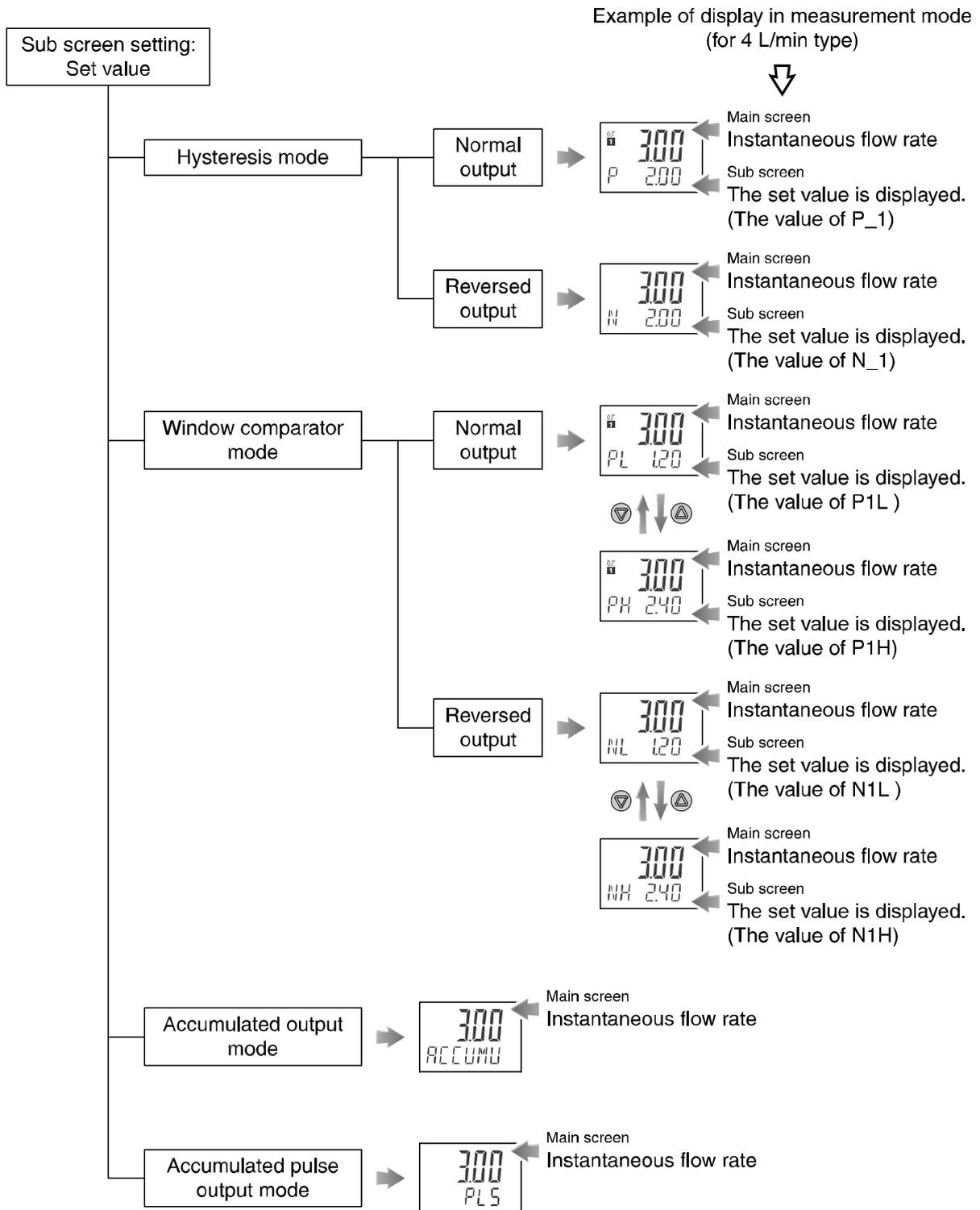


Press the  or  button to select the display.

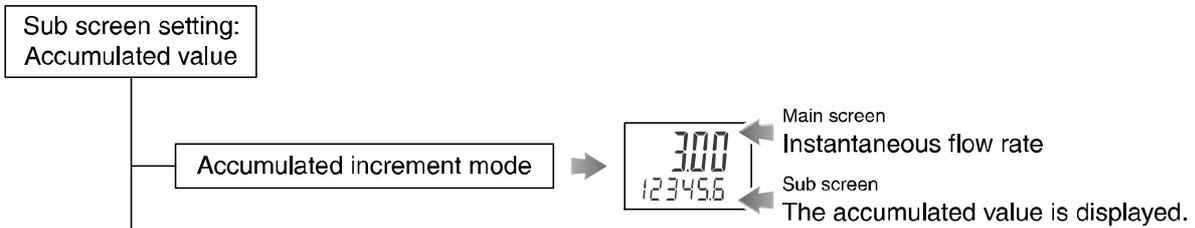
Press the  button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

[F10] Selection of sub screen is completed.

<Example of display of sub screen>



<Example of display of sub screen (continued)>



- The accumulated value increases according to the instantaneous flow.
- When the value exceeds 999999 L, the higher 3 digits (1.5 s) and lower 6 digits (3 s) are displayed alternately.
- When 999999999 L is reached, the display stops with [999999999] flashing.  
Accumulation will start automatically in measurement mode after the power is supplied.  
(When the option to memorize the cumulated value is selected, it will start from the memorized value. (Refer to [F30] Storing of accumulated flow.))
- Pressing the and for 1 second resets the accumulated value (to 0).
- If the external input is available, the value can also be reset (to 0) by external input.  
(Refer to [F20] Setting of external input on page 47.)

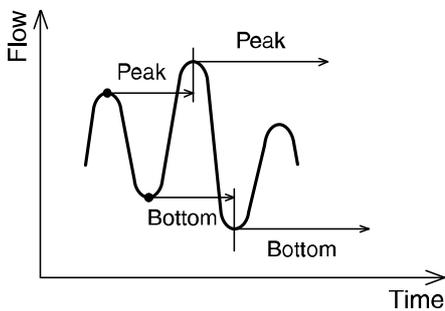


- The accumulated value decreases from the set value according to the instantaneous flow.
- When the value exceeds 999999 L, the higher 3 digits (1.5 s) and lower 6 digits (3 s) are displayed alternately.
- Below 999999 L, only the lower 6 digits are displayed.  
When the accumulated value decreases to 0, the display stops with [0] flashing.  
Accumulation will start automatically in measurement mode after the power is supplied.  
(When the option to memorize the cumulated value is selected, it will start from the memorized value. (Refer to [F30] Storing of accumulated flow.))
- Pressing the and for 1 second resets the accumulated value (to the set value).
- If the external input is available, the value can also be reset (to the set value) by external input.  
(Refer to [F20] Setting of external input on page 47.)

**<Example of display of sub screen (continued)>**



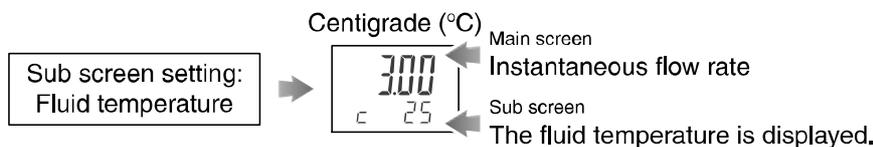
The maximum (peak) and minimum (bottom) flow from when the power is supplied to this moment is detected and updated.



- Pressing the and buttons for 1 second clears the peak and bottom values.
- If the external input is available, the values can also be reset by external input. (Refer to [F20] Setting of external input on page 47.)



The name of piping line at which the product is installed can be displayed. Refer to [F82] Input of line names on page 53 for how to input the line name.



If a fluid temperature sensor is attached, the fluid temperature can be displayed as well. The left most digit shows Centigrade (°C).



The sub screen can be turned off.

## ■[F20] Setting of external input

This function can be used only when the optional external input is present. The accumulated value, peak value and bottom value can be reset remotely.

●**Accumulated value external reset:** A function to reset the accumulated value when an input signal is applied.

In accumulated increment mode, the accumulated value will reset to, and increase from zero. In accumulated decrement mode, the accumulated value will reset to, and decrease from the set value.

\*: When the accumulated value is memorized and each time the accumulated value external reset is activated, the memory device (EEPROM) will be accessed. The maximum writable limit of the memory device is 1 million cycles and should be considered. The total number of external input resets and accumulated value memorizations should not exceed 1 million.

●**Reset of peak and bottom values:** A function to clear the peak value or bottom value when an input signal is applied.

●**OFF:** The external input function will become invalid.

**Input signal:** The input line must be connected to GND for a minimum of 30 msec.

- When the input signal is applied, the sub screen will display [ooo] for 1 second.
- If successive input signals are applied at less than 1 second intervals the sub screen display will remain [ooo].

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F20] on the main screen.



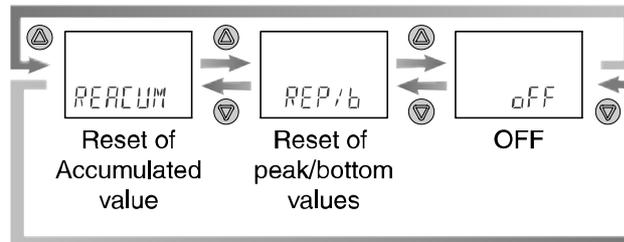
➔ The sub screen displays [iNP] and current set value alternately.

\*: If the external input is not present, the sub screen alternately displays [iNP] and [- - -].

↓ Press the  button.



➔ Sub screen



\*: If the external input is not available, the sub screen displays [- - -].

Press the  or  button to select the setting of external input.

Press the  button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

[F20] Setting of external input is completed.

## ■[F22] Setting of analogue output

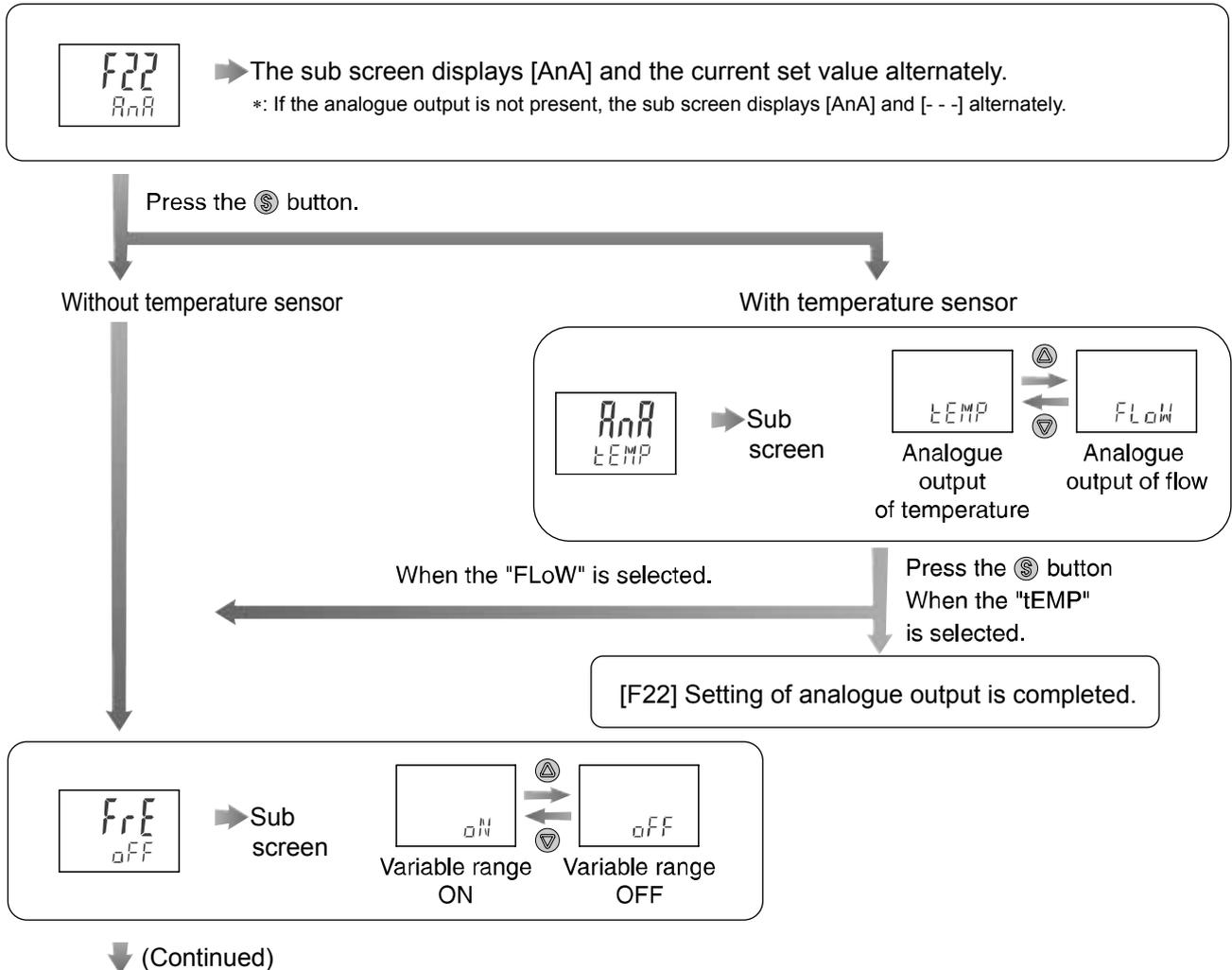
This function can be used only when the optional analogue output is present.

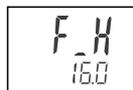
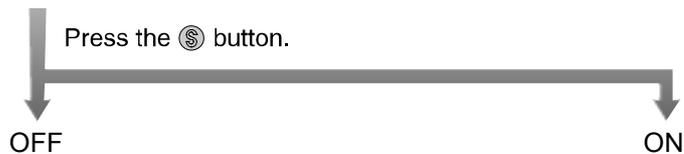
If the optional temperature sensor is fitted, the analogue output of fluid temperature can be selected.

The flow that generates the output voltage (= 5 V) or output current (= 20 mA) at the span side of analogue output can be variable. (This does not apply if the analogue output to the temperature sensor is selected.)

### <Operation>

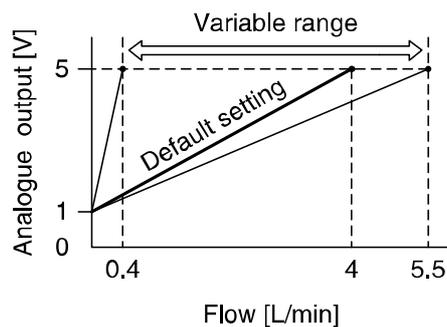
Press the or button in function selection mode to display [F22] on the main screen.





➡ Sub screen

Use the  and  buttons to enter the flow value that will generate full span analogue output (5 V or 20 mA). The entered flow value can be in the range: 10% rated flow, to the upper display limit.



For 4 L/min, 1 to 5 output type

Press the  button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

[F22] Setting of analogue output is completed.

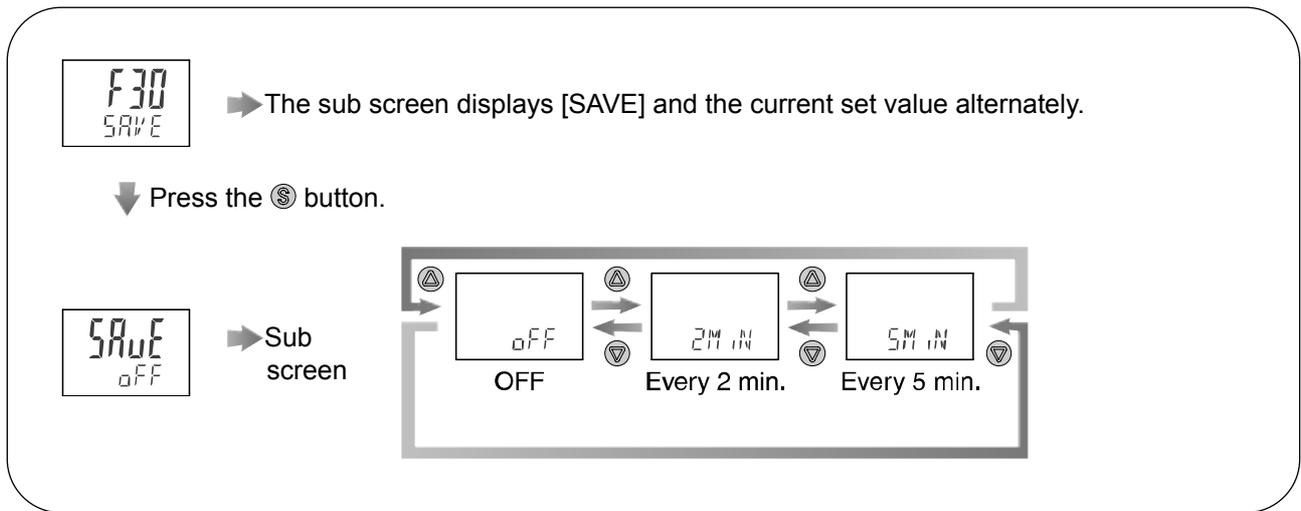
### ■ [F30] Storing of accumulated flow

The default setting is not to store the accumulated flow when the power supply is turned off. This function enables the accumulated flow value to be stored in permanent memory every 2 or 5 minutes. The maximum writable limit of the memory device is 1 million cycles, which should be taken into consideration.

If the product is operated 24 hours per day, the maximum writable limit will be as follows:  
 Data memorized every 5 minutes --- 5 minutes x 1 million cycles = 5 million minutes = 9.5 years  
 Data memorized every 2 minutes --- 2 minutes x 1 million cycles = 2 million minutes = 3.8 years

#### <Operation>

Press the or button in function selection mode to display [F30] on the main screen.

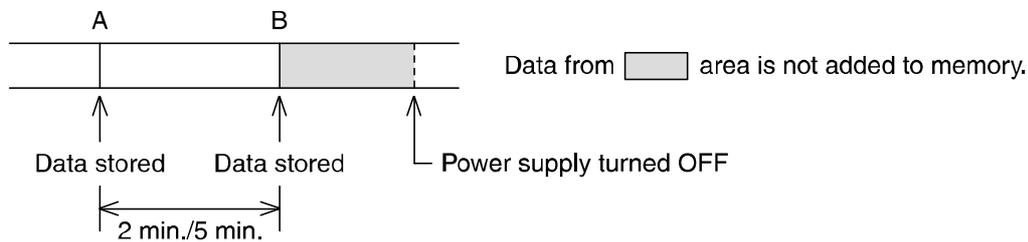


Press the or button to select the setting for storing accumulated flow.

Press the button to confirm. Return to the function selection mode.

[F30] Setting of accumulated flow storing function is completed.

\*: Data memorization is performed every 2 or 5 minutes (depending upon the setting chosen), this means that the accumulated flow value for up to 2 or 5 minutes before the power supply is turned off will not be added to the device memory.



When the power supply is turned on again, the accumulated flow count will start from the value recorded at B.

## ■[F80] Setting of power saving mode

The display can be turned off to reduce power consumption. (About 12%)

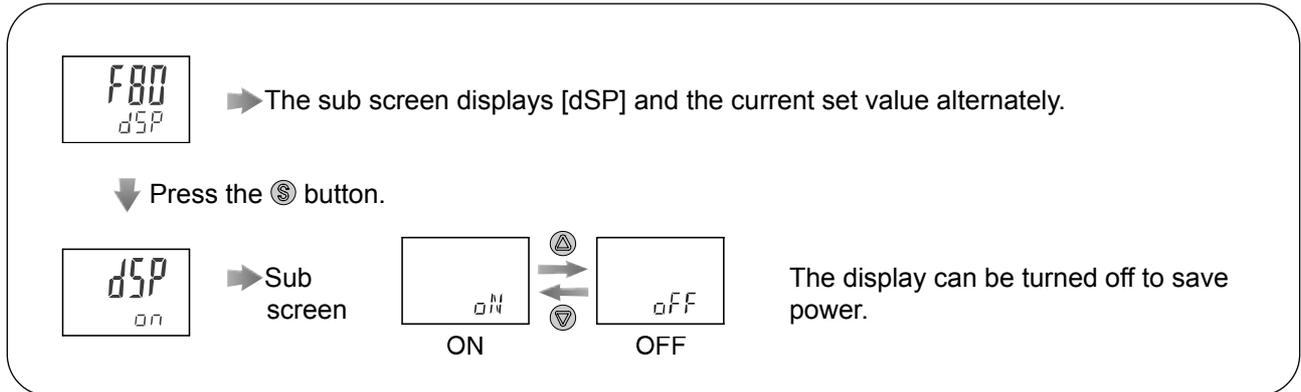
This function is to turn to power saving mode when a button operation is not performed for 30 seconds.

While the display is off, the decimal points of the main screen will flash.

In the default setting, power saving mode is OFF (normal mode).

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F80] on the main screen.



Press the  or  button to select the power saving mode setting.

Press the  button to confirm.  Return to the function selection mode.

[F80] Setting of power saving mode is completed.

In power saving mode, the decimal points on the main screen flash. When any button is operated, the display will turn on. If no button operation is performed for another 30 seconds the display will turn off again.

## ■[F81] Setting of security code

The security code can be entered while the keys are locked.  
For the key-lock function, refer to page 57.  
In the default setting, security code entry is not necessary.

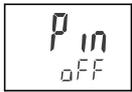
<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F81] on the main screen.

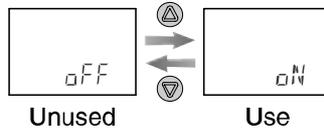


➡ The sub screen displays [PiN] and the current set value alternately.

↓ Press the  button.



➡ Sub screen



Press the  or  button to select the setting of security code.

Press the  button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

[F81] Setting of security code is completed.

## ■[F82] Input of line names

The name of a line can be input. (Up to 6 English characters and/or numbers)  
The sub screen setting needs to be changed to show line names.  
(Refer to [F10] Selection of display of sub screen on page 43.)

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F82] on the main screen.



➡ The sub screen displays [LINE] and the line name alternately.

↓ Press the  button.



➡ Sub screen

The left most digit starts flashing. Select the required character from space→A→b→C•••X→y→Z→0→1•••8→9→\_→—→ →/→\*→ space by pressing the  and  buttons.

Press the  button (less than 1 second). ↓ The next digit to the right will flash and can be edited.  
(Follow the same procedure for the remaining digits)

After all 6 digits are input

Press the  button for 1 second or longer. ↓ Flashing stops.

Press the  button to confirm. ↓ Return to the function selection mode.

[F82] Input of line names is completed.

<A dot "." can be displayed at the bottom left of each digit>

During setting, when the appropriate digit is flashing, press the  and  buttons simultaneously for 1 second or longer. A dot will be displayed.

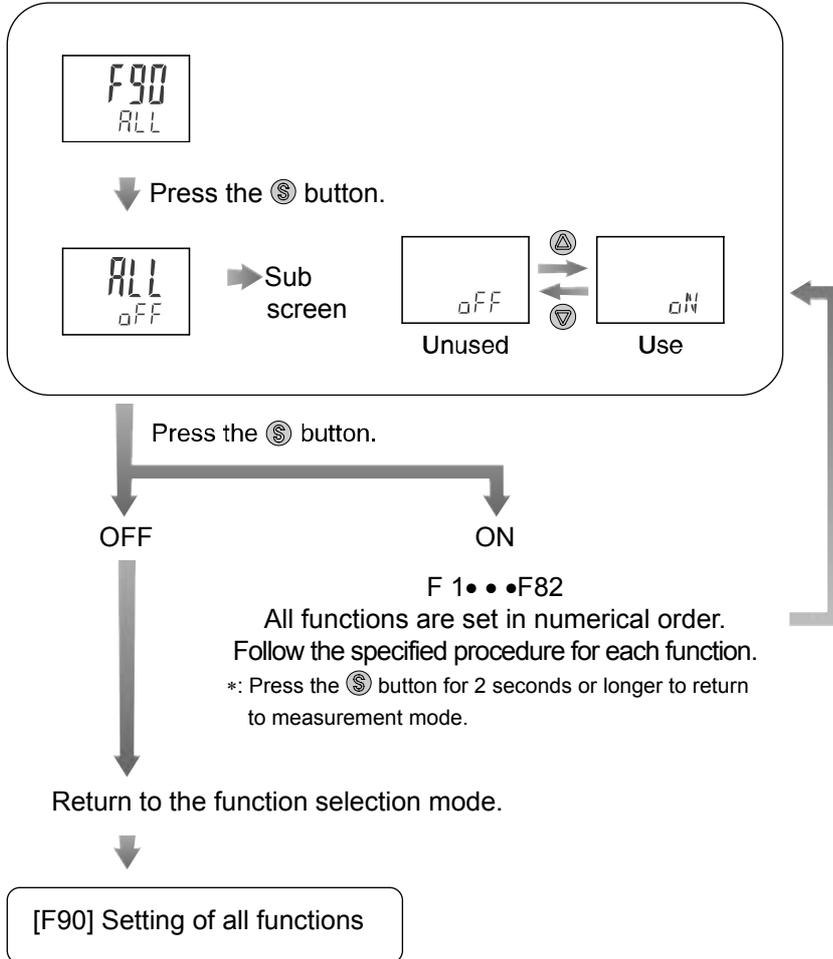
To remove the dot, perform the same button operation.

## ■[F90] Setting of all functions

All functions can be set one after the other, without having to select each one separately from the function selection mode.

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F90] on the main screen.

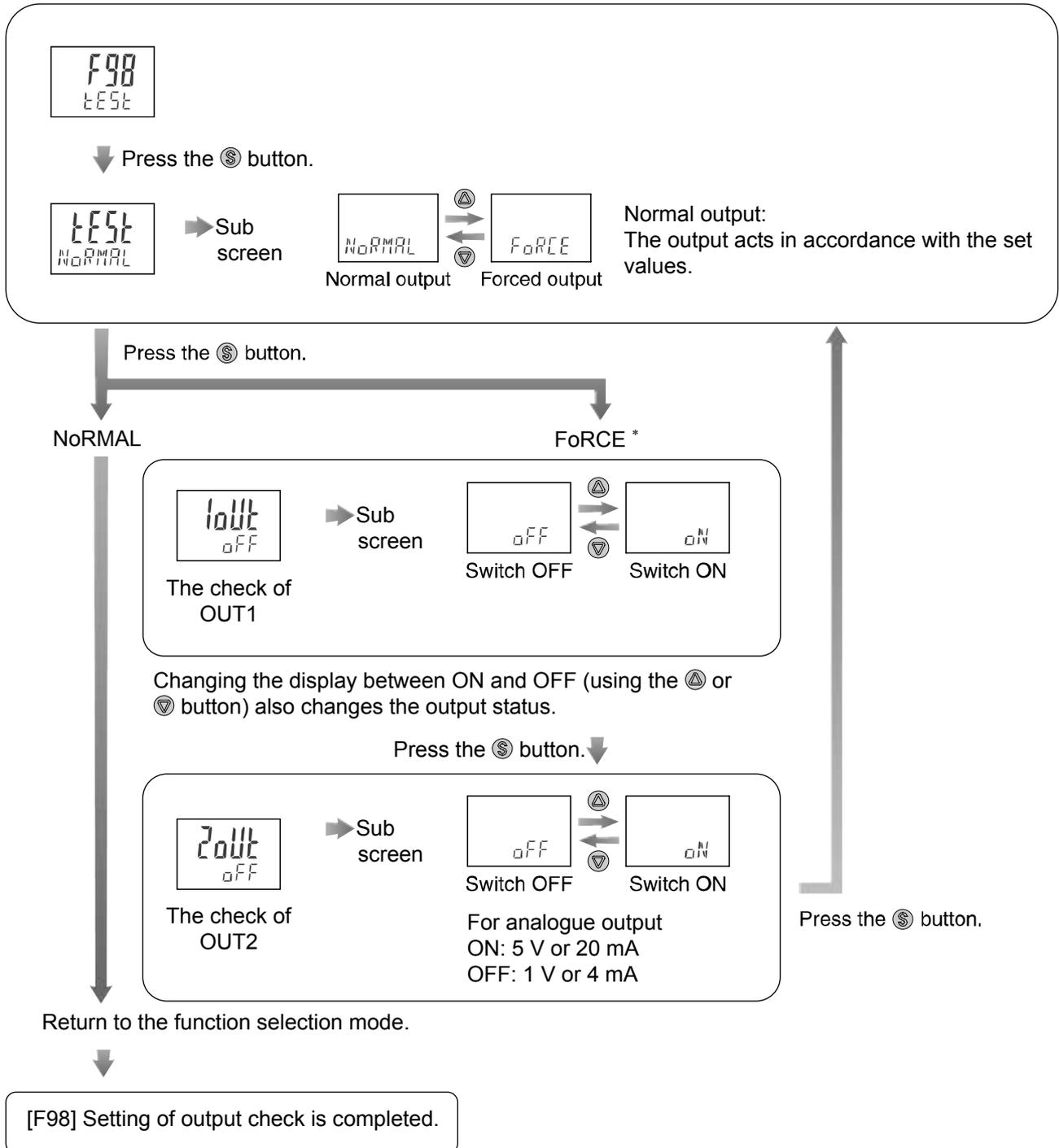


## ■[F98] Output check

The output check can be turned on irrespective of flow conditions so that the circuit wiring can be checked. For the analogue output type, when ON the output will be 5 V or 20 mA, and when OFF 1 V or 4 mA.

<Operation>

Press the or button in function selection mode to display [F98] on the main screen.



\*: Press the button for 2 seconds or longer to return to measurement mode.

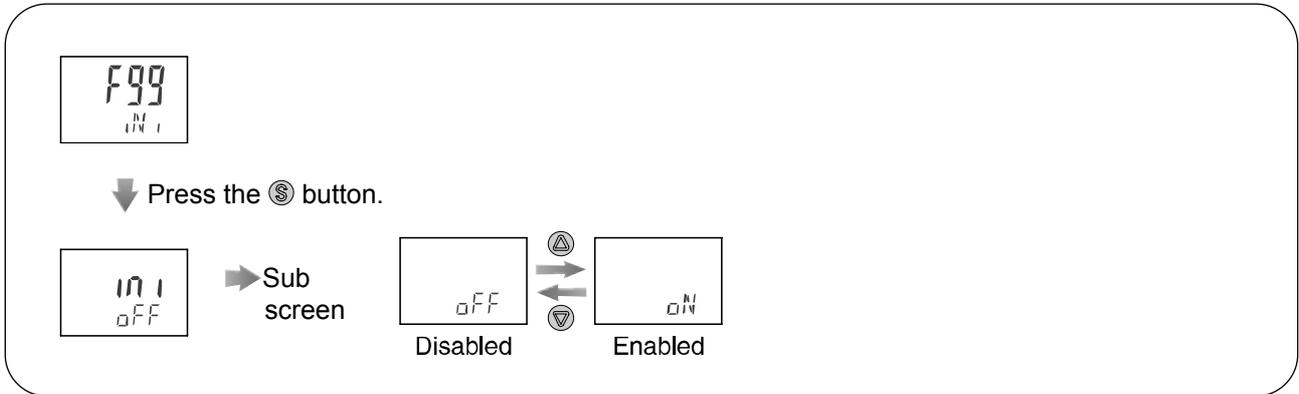
\*: An increase or decrease in flow will have no effect on the output while the output check function is being performed.

## ■[F99] Reset to the default settings

The factory default values can be restored.

<Operation>

Press the  or  button in function selection mode to display [F99] on the main screen.



Press the  or  button to display "ON" and enable the restoration of the default settings.

Press the  and  buttons simultaneously for 5 seconds or longer to restore the default settings.

\*: To return to measurement mode without changing any settings press the  button for 1 second or longer.

The device automatically returns to function selection mode.

[F99] Reset to the default settings is completed.

## Other Settings

### ●Key-lock function

This function is to prevent errors occurring due to such things as set values being accidentally changed. While the keys are locked, it is possible to view the set values on the sub screen.

<Operation with keys locked>

#### Simple check of set values

If the  $\text{Ⓢ}$  button is pressed, [LoC] is displayed on the sub screen for approximately 1 second.

When the  $\text{Ⓢ}$  button is released with [LoC] still displayed, the sub screen will scroll through the set values.

After the scrolling of set values is finished, [LoC] is displayed for approx. 1 second, the product then returns to measurement mode

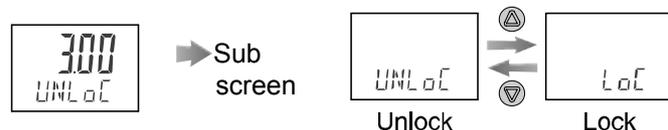
Pressing the  $\text{⬆}$  or  $\text{⬇}$  buttons will change the sub screen display.

The peak and bottom hold values and accumulated value can be viewed, but not cleared.

<Operation – Without security code input>

1. Press and hold the  $\text{Ⓢ}$  button for 5 seconds or longer in measurement mode.

The current setting [LoC] or [UnL] will be displayed on the sub screen.



2. Press either the  $\text{⬆}$  or  $\text{⬇}$  button to select locking/unlocking the keys.

3. Press the  $\text{Ⓢ}$  button to confirm. Return to the measurement mode.

To release key-lock, repeat the above operation.

\*: The keys cannot be locked or released while the sub screen is displayed the set values under this function. Perform the operation in measurement mode.

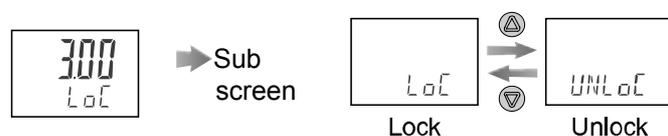
<Operation – With security code>

The procedure to lock the keys is the same as that for "without security code".

#### ●Unlocking

1. Press and hold the  $\text{Ⓢ}$  button for 5 seconds or longer in measurement mode.

[LoC] will be displayed on the sub screen.



2. Press either the  $\text{⬆}$  or  $\text{⬇}$  button to select unlocking the keys [UnLoC].

3. After the  $\text{Ⓢ}$  button is pressed, the security code must be input.

#### 4. Input of security code (3 digit setting)

The hundreds digit starts flashing.

Press the  or  button to change the set value.

Press the  button to make the next value to the right flash.

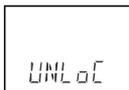
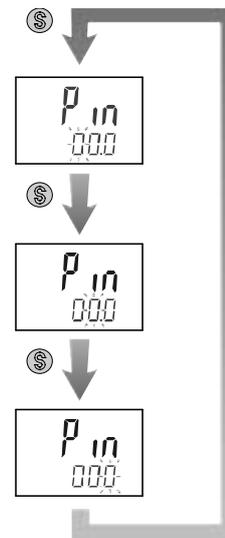
(If the  button is pressed on the far right digit, the hundreds digit will flash.)

After the setting is complete, press the  button continuously for 1 second or longer.

(If an operation is not performed for 30 seconds during input or change of the security code, it will return to measurement mode with [LoC] status.)

If the password is wrong, [FAL] will be displayed on the sub screen. In this case, input the password again.

If the wrong security code is entered 3 times, it will return to measurement mode.



➡ [UnLoC] is displayed on the sub screen.



Press the  button to complete the unlocking operation.

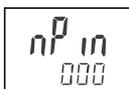
#### ● Change of security code

In the default setting, security code entry is set to [000], but this can be changed to any number.

#### <Operation>

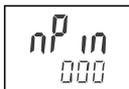
1. After the key lock setting is complete, perform all four steps in the key unlocking procedure. (Refer to Key-lock function on page 57.)

2. After the security code is entered and the indication changes to [UnLoC] on the sub screen, press and hold the  and  buttons simultaneously for 5 seconds or longer.



➡ [000] is displayed and the new security code should be input.  
For how to input the security code, refer to "4" Input of security code on page 58.

↓ Press the  button for 1 second or longer.



➡ The new security code is displayed on the sub screen.

↓ Press the  button for 1 second or longer.

The change of security code is complete.

The status remains [UnLoC] after the change is completed, so perform the key lock setting again to change it to [LoC].

## Maintenance

### **How to reset the product after a power cut or when the power has been unexpectedly removed**

The settings of the product are retained from before the power cut or de-energizing.

The output condition also recovers to that before the power cut or de-energizing, but may change depending on the operating environment.

Therefore, check the safety of the whole system before operating the product.

# Troubleshooting

## Troubleshooting

Applicable Flow switch: PF3W7 series

If an operation failure occurs with the product, use the chart below to find out the cause of problem.

If a cause applicable to the failure cannot be identified and normal operation can be recovered by replacement with a new product, this indicates that the product itself was faulty. The damage to the product may have been caused by operating environment (network construction, etc.). Consult with SMC separately to obtain countermeasures.

### Cross-reference for troubleshooting

Fault	Detail	Possible cause	Item to check	Recommended action
Incorrect display	No display	Incorrect wiring	Check if the brown wire DC(+) and blue wire DC(-) are connected correctly.	Correct the wiring.
		Loose connector	Check that the connector is connected.	Connect the connector.
	The display is unstable.	Foreign matter has entered or got stuck inside the flow passage of the sensor.	Confirm whether foreign matter may enter.	We recommend a filter with filtration of approx. 40 mesh.
		Piping is connected in the wrong direction.	Confirm whether the mounting direction of the product corresponds to the flow direction.	Make the mounting direction correspond to the flow direction.
		Insufficient water supply	Confirm whether the fluid path is full.	Fill up the fluid path.
		Pulsation in the flow.	Confirm whether the supply pressure fluctuates, or whether pulsation is generated due to the characteristics of the compressor or pump used as the pressure source.	Change to a pump that has less pulsation. Install a tank to reduce the pressure fluctuation. Change the piping to elastic piping such as rubber hose.
	Incorrect display	Foreign matter has entered or got stuck inside the flow passage of the sensor.	(1) Confirm whether foreign matter may enter. (2) Confirm whether any foreign matter has got stuck inside.	We recommend a filter with filtration of approx. 40 mesh. Remove foreign matter.
		Piping is connected in the wrong direction.	Confirm whether the mounting direction of the product corresponds to the flow direction.	Make the mounting direction correspond to the flow direction.
		Insufficient water supply	Confirm whether the fluid path is full.	Fill up the fluid path.
		Liquid leakage	Check for liquid leaks due to insufficient tightening of the screw at the piping and/or improper sealing.	Tighten to the specified torque when piping and/or apply the seal tape once again.
	Flow does not start.	The flow adjustment valve is closed.	Check the condition of the flow adjustment valve.	Open the flow adjustment valve to get appropriate flow.

Fault	Detail	Possible cause	Item to check	Recommended action
Incorrect display	Even though the flow rate is zero, it is displayed.	Operation of pump while the flow adjustment valve is closed.	Check the condition of the flow adjustment valve and pump.	Open the flow adjustment valve slightly, and let the pulsation (pressure) from the pump escape.
Incorrect output	No output	Incorrect wiring	Check if the brown wire DC(+), blue wire DC(-), black wire(OUT1) and white wire(OUT2) are connected correctly.	Correct the wiring.
		Loose connector	Check that the connector is connected.	Connect the connector.
		The flow adjustment valve is closed.	Check the condition of the flow adjustment valve.	Open the flow adjustment valve to get appropriate flow.
	Output is unstable.	Foreign matter has entered or got stuck inside the flow passage of the sensor.	(1) Confirm whether foreign matter may enter. (2) Confirm whether any foreign matter has got stuck inside.	We recommend a filter with filtration of approx. 40 mesh. Remove foreign matter.
		Piping is connected in the wrong direction.	Confirm whether the mounting direction of the product corresponds to the flow direction.	Make the mounting direction correspond to the flow direction.
		Insufficient water supply	Confirm whether the fluid path is full.	Fill up the fluid path.
		Pulsation in the flow.	Confirm whether the supply pressure fluctuates, or whether pulsation is generated due to the characteristics of the compressor or pump used as the pressure source.	Change to a pump that has less pulsation. Install a tank to reduce the pressure fluctuation. Change the piping to elastic piping such as rubber hose.
		Liquid leakage	Check for liquid leaks due to insufficient tightening of the screw at the piping and/or improper sealing.	Tighten to the specified torque when piping and/or apply the seal tape once again.
		Noise	Confirm that there is no power line or high voltage line that can be a noise source in the wiring route.	Do not route wires and cables together with power or high voltage cables.
		Hysteresis value too low.	Confirm to what level the hysteresis is set.	Increase the hysteresis set value.
Push buttons not operating.	No reaction when the buttons are pressed.	Key-lock mode is activated.	Check if "LoC" displayed when the button is pressed.	Change the key-lock function. (See page 57.)

Fault	Detail	Possible cause	Item to check	Recommended action
Improper operation of the external input.	No reaction to the external Input.	Incorrect wiring	Check if the brown wire DC(+), blue wire DC(-), black wire(OUT1) and white wire(OUT2) are connected correctly.	Correct the wiring.
		The input duration is too short.	Confirm whether the input line is connected to GND for a minimum of 30 msec.	When the external input is applied, the input line must be connected to GND for a minimum of 30 msec.
Incorrect temp. sensor displays.	The temp. is not displayed.	Setting condition of the sub screen	Check the content of the sub screen.	Set the sub screen to the temperature display.
		Connector loose	Check that the connector is connected.	Connect the connector.
	Incorrect display	Insufficient water supply	Confirm whether the fluid path is full.	Fill up the fluid path.
		Foreign matter	Check if foreign matter is stuck to the sensor.	Remove foreign matter.
Incorrect temp. sensor output.	Output is unstable.	Insufficient water supply	Confirm whether the fluid path is full.	Fill up the fluid path.
		Foreign matter	Check if foreign matter is stuck to the sensor.	Remove foreign matter.
Improper operation of the flow adjustment valve.	It is not possible to adjust with flow adjustment valve.	Lock the flow adjustment valve	Check the condition of the flow adjustment valve and its lock ring.	Loose the lock ring and adjust flow rate. (See page 20.)
		Insufficient supply pressure	Check flow rate characteristics of the supply pressure and flow rate adjustment valve.	Increase supply pressure.

## Error indication function

Error Name	Display	Type	Troubleshooting
OUT1 over current error	Er 1	A load current of 80 mA or more is flowing to the switch output (OUT1).	Turn the power off and remove the cause of the over current. Then turn the power on again.
OUT2 over current error	Er 2	A load current of 80 mA or more is flowing to the switch output (OUT2).	
Excessive instantaneous flow	HHH	The applied flow rate is above approx. 140% of the rated flow rate.	Reset applied flow to a level within the display range.
Excessive accumulated flow	 (Displayed alternately)	The accumulated flow range is exceeded. (In some flow ranges, the decimal point may flash.)	Clear the accumulated flow once. (This will not be a problem if the accumulated flow is not used.)
Temperature upper limit exceeded	cHHH	The fluid temperature is above 110 °C.	Reduce the fluid temperature.
Temperature lower limit exceeded	cLLL	The fluid temperature is below -10 °C.	Increase the fluid temperature.
System error	Er 0	Internal data error has occurred.	Turn the power off and turn it on again. If the failure cannot be solved, contact SMC for repair.
	Er 4		
	Er 6		
	Er 8		
Temperature sensor failure	Er 12	The temperature sensor is damaged.	

If the error cannot be reset after the above measures are taken, then please contact SMC.

# Specification

## ■ Specifications

### Specifications of body (Metal attachment)

Model	PF3W704	PF3W720	PF3W740	PF3W711																												
Applicable fluid	Water and ethylene glycol solution with a viscosity of 3mPa•s(3 cP) or less *1																															
Detection method	Karman vortex																															
Rated flow range	0.5 to 4 L/min	2 to 16 L/min	5 to 40 L/min	10 to 100 L/min																												
Display flow range	0.35 to 5.50 L/min (Displays 0.00 when the value is below 0.35 L/min)	1.7 to 22.0 L/min (Displays 0.0 when the value is below 1.7 L/min)	3.5 to 55.0 L/min (Displays 0.0 when the value is below 3.5 L/min)	7 to 140 L/min (Displays 0 when the value is below 7 L/min)																												
Switch point range	0.35 to 5.50 L/min	1.7 to 22.0 L/min	3.5 to 55.0 L/min	7 to 140 L/min																												
Min. setting unit	0.01 L/min	0.1 L/min		1 L/min																												
Conversion of accumulated pulse (Pulse width = 50 ms)	0.05 L/pulse	0.1 L/pulse	0.5 L/pulse	1 L/pulse																												
Fluid temperature	0 to 90 °C (No freezing and condensation)																															
Display unit	L/min for real-time flow and L for accumulated flow																															
Accuracy	±3%F.S. max. Display and analogue output																															
Repeatability	±2%F.S. max *2																															
Temperature characteristics	±5%F.S. max. (25 °C reference)																															
Operating pressure range *3	0 to 1 MPa																															
Proof pressure *3	1.5 MPa																															
Pressure loss	45 kPa or less at maximum flow (Without flow adjustment valve)																															
Accumulated flow range *4	99999999.9 L		99999999 L																													
	By 0.1 L	By 0.5 L	By 1 L																													
Switch output	NPN or PNP open collector output																															
<table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px;">Max. load current</td> <td colspan="3">80 mA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Max. applied voltage</td> <td colspan="3">28 VDC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Internal voltage drop</td> <td colspan="3">NPN: 1 V max. (at 80 mA load current) PNP: 1.5 V max. (at 80 mA load current)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Response time *2*5</td> <td colspan="3">0.5 s/1 s/2 s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Output protection</td> <td colspan="3">Short circuit protection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Output mode</td> <td>Flow</td> <td colspan="2">Selects one of the output (hysteresis or window comparator mode), the output for the accumulated flow and the accumulated pulse output.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Temp.</td> <td colspan="2">Selects the output for fluid temperature (hysteresis mode or window comparator mode).</td> </tr> </table>	Max. load current	80 mA			Max. applied voltage	28 VDC			Internal voltage drop	NPN: 1 V max. (at 80 mA load current) PNP: 1.5 V max. (at 80 mA load current)			Response time *2*5	0.5 s/1 s/2 s			Output protection	Short circuit protection			Output mode	Flow	Selects one of the output (hysteresis or window comparator mode), the output for the accumulated flow and the accumulated pulse output.			Temp.	Selects the output for fluid temperature (hysteresis mode or window comparator mode).					
	Max. load current	80 mA																														
	Max. applied voltage	28 VDC																														
	Internal voltage drop	NPN: 1 V max. (at 80 mA load current) PNP: 1.5 V max. (at 80 mA load current)																														
	Response time *2*5	0.5 s/1 s/2 s																														
	Output protection	Short circuit protection																														
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	Short circuit protection																															
	Flow	Selects one of the output (hysteresis or window comparator mode), the output for the accumulated flow and the accumulated pulse output.																														
	Temp.	Selects the output for fluid temperature (hysteresis mode or window comparator mode).																														

Model		PF3W704	PF3W720	PF3W740	PF3W711
Analogue output	Response time <sup>+6</sup>	0.5 s/1 s/2 s			
	Voltage output	Output voltage: 1 to 5 V, Output impedance: 1 kΩ			
	Current output	Output current: 4 to 20 mA Maximum load impedance: 300 Ω for 12 VDC, 600 Ω for 24 VDC			
Hysteresis		Variable			
External input		Voltage free input of 0.4 V or less (reed or solid state type) for 30 ms or longer			
Display method		2-screen display (Main screen: 4-digit, 7-segment, 2-colour; red/green, Sub screen: 6-digit, 11-segment, White) Display updating frequency 5 times/sec.			
Indicator light		Output 1 and 2: Orange			
Power supply voltage		12 to 24 VDC ±10%			
Current consumption		50 mA max.			
Environment	Enclosure	IP65			
	Operating temperature range	0 to 50 °C (No freezing and condensation)			
	Operating humidity range	Operation, Storage: 35 to 85%R.H. (No condensation)			
	Withstand voltage <sup>+7</sup>	1000 VAC, for 1 minute between the external terminals and case			
	Insulation resistance	50 MΩ min. (with 500 VDC) between the external terminals and case			
Standards and regulations		CE marking, UL (CSA), RoHS			
Material of wetted part		PPS, SUS304, FKM, SCS13			
		Grease free			
Piping port size		3/8	3/8 (1/2)	1/2 (3/4)	3/4(1)

Model		PF3W704	PF3W720	PF3W740	PF3W711
Weight	Flow switch only	210 g	260 g	410 g	720 g
	With temperature sensor	285 g	335 g	530 g	860 g
	With flow adjustment valve	310 g	360 g	610 g	-
	With temperature sensor and flow adjustment valve	385 g	435 g	730 g	-
	With lead wire	+85 g			

- \*1: Please refer to the chart of measurement range of ethylene glycol aqueous solution on page 70. Measurement is possible as long as the fluid does not corrode the wetted parts, and viscosity is 3mPa•s(3 cP) or less.
- \*2: When the response time of the switch output is set to 0.5 s, repeatability will be  $\pm 3\%$ F.S.
- \*3: The operating pressure range and proof pressure vary depending on the fluid temperature. Refer to the chart on page 72.
- \*4: The accumulated value will be cleared by turning off the power supply. It is possible to select the function to memorize it. (Every 2 or 5 minutes.)  
When 5 minutes interval is selected, take into consideration the maximum number of times it is possible to write to the memory device (electronic part), which is 1 million times (5 minutes x 1 million times = 5 million minutes = Approx. 9.5 years for 24 hour energizing). Calculate the life in your operating conditions before using the memorizing function and use within this range.
- \*5: The response time is when the set value is 90% in relation to the step input. (The value will be 7 s for the temperature sensor output.)
- \*6: The response time is when the set value reaches 90% in relation to the step input and linked with the response of the switch output. (The value will be 7 s for the temperature sensor output.)
- \*7: When the temperature sensor is used, it will be 250 VAC.

### Specifications of temperature sensor

Items	Specifications
Rated temperature range	0 to 100 °C *1
Setting/Display temperature range	-10 to 110 °C
Min. setting unit	1 °C
Display unit	°C
Display accuracy	$\pm 2$ °C
Analogue output accuracy	$\pm 3\%$ F.S.
Response time	7 s *2
Ambient temperature characteristics	$\pm 5\%$ F.S.

- \*1: The rated temperature range is only for the temperature sensor. As a whole product, the fluid temperature range is specified as 0 to 90 °C.
- \*2: The response time is only for the temperature sensor.

### Specifications of body (Vinyl chloride piping)

Model	PF3W711	
Applicable fluid	Water and ethylene glycol solution with a viscosity of 3mPa•s(3 cP) or less *1	
Detection method	Karman vortex	
Rated flow range	10 to 100 L/min	
Display flow range	7 to 140 L/min (Displays 0 when the value is below 7 L/min)	
Switch point range	7 to 140 L/min	
Min. setting unit	1 L/min	
Conversion of accumulated pulse (Pulse width = 50ms)	1 L/pulse	
Fluid temperature	0 to 70 °C (No freezing and condensation)	
Display unit	L/min for real-time flow and L for accumulated flow	
Accuracy	±3%F.S. max. Display and analogue output	
Repeatability	±2%F.S. max. *2	
Temperature characteristics	±5%F.S. max. (25 °C reference)	
Operating pressure range *3	0 to 1 MPa	
Proof pressure *3	1 MPa	
Pressure loss	45 kPa or less at maximum flow	
Accumulated flow range *4	999999999 L	
	By 1 L	
Switch output	NPN or PNP open collector output	
Switch output	Max. load current	80 mA
	Max. applied voltage	28 VDC
	Internal voltage drop	NPN: 1 V max. (at 80 mA load current) PNP: 1.5 V max. (at 80 mA load current)
	Response time *2*5	0.5 s/1 s/2 s
	Output protection	Short circuit protection
	Output mode	Flow
Temp.		Selects the output for fluid temperature (hysteresis or window comparator mode).
Analogue output	Response time *6	0.5 s/1 s/2 s
	Voltage output	Output voltage: 1 to 5 V, Output impedance: 1 kΩ
	Current output	Output current: 4 to 20 mA Maximum load impedance: 300 Ω for 12 VDC, 600 Ω for 24 VDC

Model	PF3W711	
Hysteresis	Variable	
External input	Voltage free input of 0.4 V or less (reed or solid state type) for 30 ms or longer	
Display method	2-screen display (Main screen: 4-digit, 7-segment, 2-colour; red/green, Sub screen: 6-digit, 11-segment, White) Display updating frequency 5 times/sec.	
Indicator light	Output 1 and 2: Orange	
Power supply voltage	12 to 24 VDC $\pm$ 10%	
Current consumption	50 mA max.	
Environment	Enclosure	IP65
	Operating temperature range	0 to 50 °C (No freezing and condensation)
	Operating humidity range	Operation, Storage: 35 to 85%R.H. (No condensation)
	Withstand voltage <sup>*7</sup>	1000 VAC, for 1 minute between the external terminals and case
	Insulation resistance	50 M $\Omega$ min. (with 500VDC) between the external terminals and case
Standards and regulations	CE marking, UL (CSA), RoHS	
Material of wetted part	PPS, FKM, CPVC	
	Grease free	
Piping port size	25A	
Weight	Without lead wire	285 g
	With lead wire	370 g

\*1: Please refer to the chart of measurement range of ethylene glycol aqueous solution on page 70. Measurement is possible as long as the fluid does not corrode the wetted parts, and viscosity is 3mPa·s(3 cP) or less. Refer to the "Applicable fluid list" on page 69.

\*2: When the response time of the switch output is set to 0.5 s, repeatability will be  $\pm$ 3%F.S.

\*3: The operating pressure range and proof pressure vary depending on the fluid temperature. Refer to the chart on page 72.

\*4: The accumulated value will be cleared by turning off the power supply. It is possible to select the function to memorize it. (Every 2 or 5 minutes.)

When 5 minutes interval is selected, take into consideration the maximum number of times it is possible to write to the memory device (electronic part), which is 1 million times (5 minutes x 1 million times = 5 million minutes = Approx. 9.5 years for 24 hour energizing). Calculate the life in your operating conditions before using the memorizing function and use within this range.

\*5: The response time is when the set value is 90% in relation to the step input. (The value will be 7 s for the temperature sensor output.)

\*6: The response time is when the set value reaches 90% in relation to the step input and linked with the response of the switch output.

## ■ Applicable fluids

### The material and fluids compatibility check list

Chemical		Compatibility
Ammonium hydroxide	40 °C or less	X
Isobutyl alcohol	40 °C or less	X <sup>*3</sup>
Isopropyl alcohol	40 °C or less	○ <sup>*1*2</sup>
Hydrochloric acid (Except fuming sulfuric acid)	Concentration 30% or less	○ <sup>*2</sup>
Hydrogen peroxide	Concentration 5% or less, temperature 50 °C or less	○
Nitric acid (Except fuming nitric acid)	Concentration 10% or less, temperature 40 °C or less	○ <sup>*2</sup>
Pure water		○
Sodium hydroxide	Concentration 50% or less	X <sup>*3</sup>
Super pure water		○
Sulfuric acid	Concentration 30% or less	○
Phosphonic acid	Concentration 50% or less	○

○: Available (available depending on the conditions)

The material and fluid compatibility check list provides reference values for reference only, therefore we do not guarantee the application to our product.

\*1: Take measures against static electricity, which it may occur.

\*2: Fluid may be permeated, affecting other material parts.

\*3: Because fluid viscosity is high, it cannot be measured by the Karman vortex method.

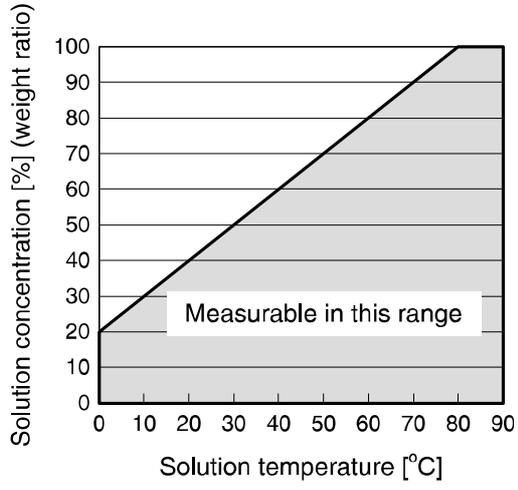
●SMC is not responsible for its accuracy and any damage happened because of this data.

### Specifications: lead wire with M8 connector (ZS-40-A)

Items		Specifications
Conductor	Nominal cross section area	AWG23
	Outside diameter	Approx. 0.72 mm
Insulator	Material	Heat resistant PVC
	Outside diameter	Approx. 1.14 mm
	Colours	Brown, White, Black, Blue
Sheath	Material	Heat/oil resistant PVC
Outer diameter		φ3.4 mm

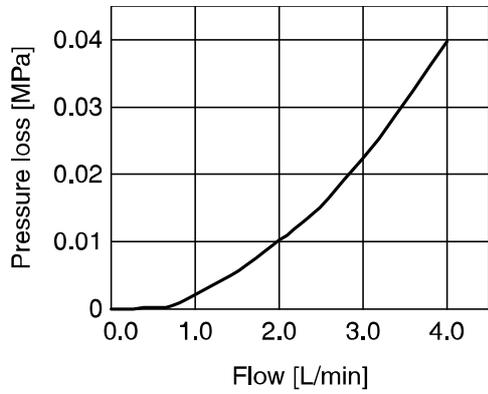
■ Characteristics graph

**Measurable range of ethylene glycol aqueous solution (Reference value)**

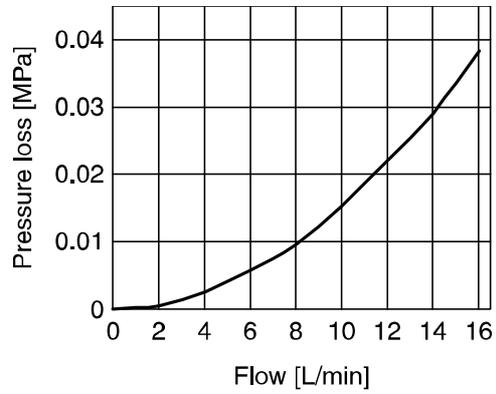


**Flow characteristics (pressure loss: without flow adjustment valve)**

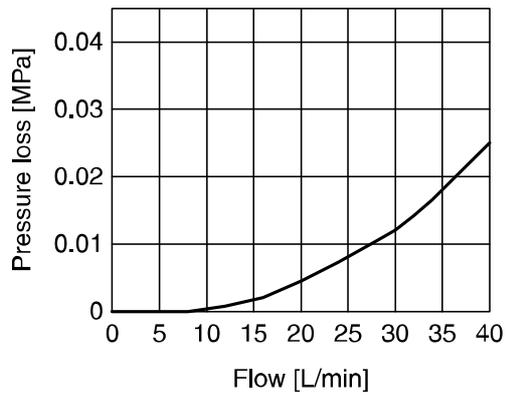
PF3W704



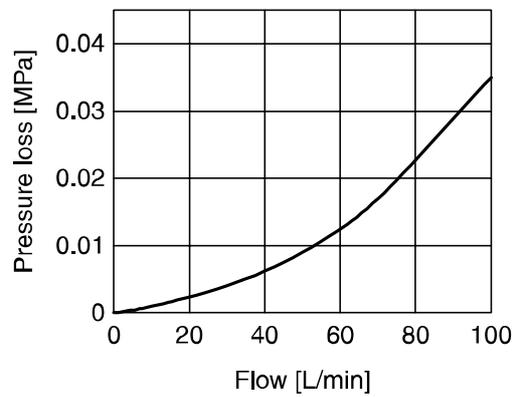
PF3W720



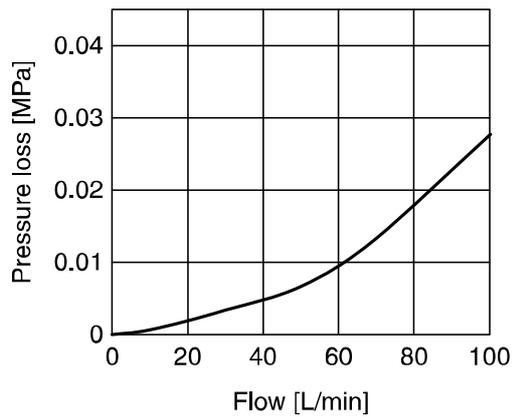
PF3W740



PF3W711 (Metal attachment)

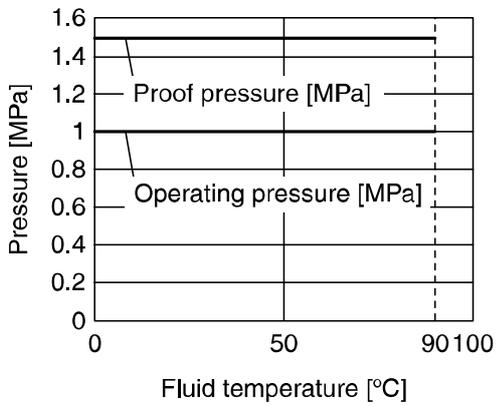


PF3W711 (Vinyl chloride piping)

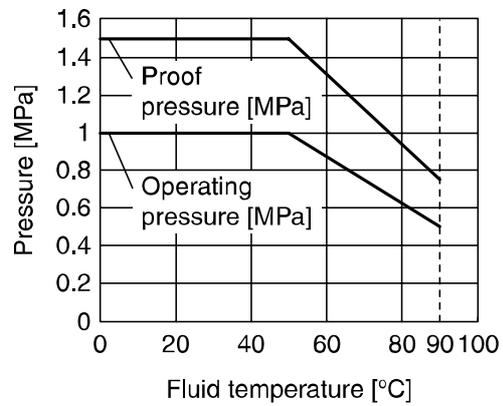


## Operating pressure and proof pressure

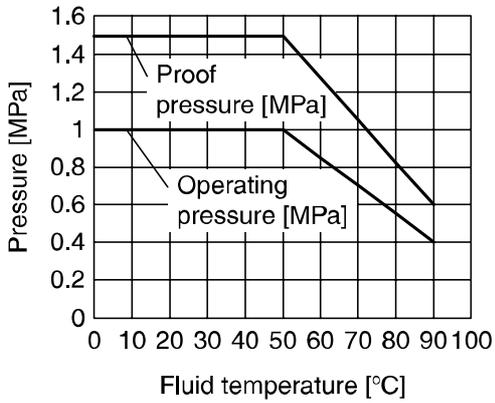
PF3W704/720/740



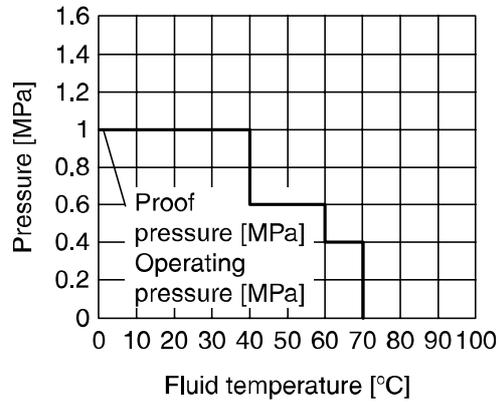
PF3W704S/720S/740S



PF3W711 (Metal attachment)



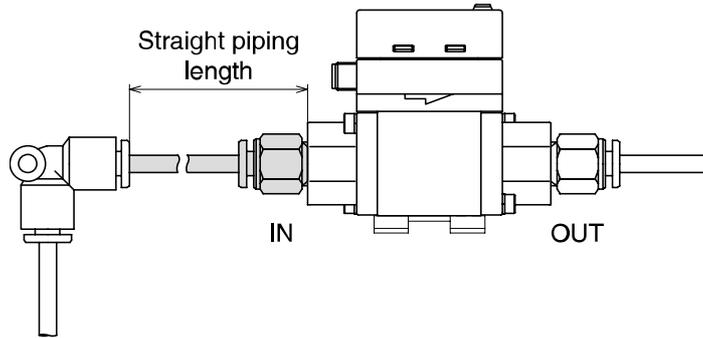
PF3W711 (Vinyl chloride piping)



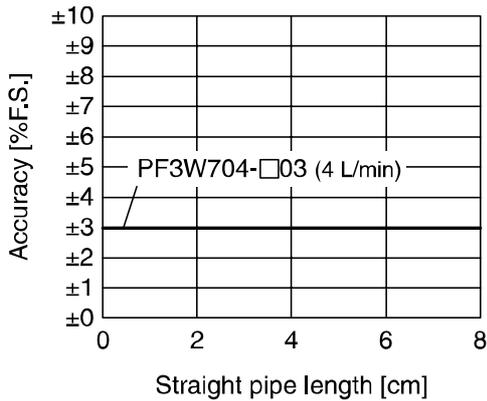
### Straight inlet pipe length and accuracy (reference value)

Metal attachment

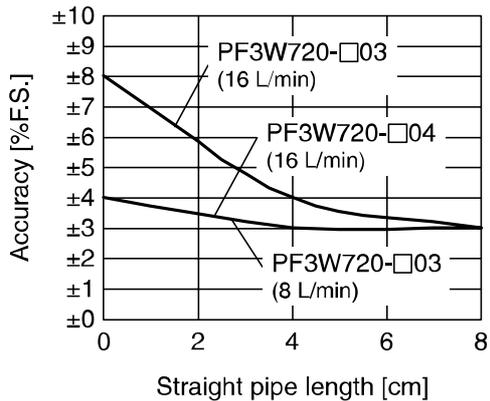
- The smaller the piping size, the more the product is affected by the straight piping length.
- Fluid pressure has almost no effect.
- The smaller the flow rate, the less the product is affected by the straight piping length.
- The straight piping length shall be 8 cm or longer in order to maintain  $\pm 3\%$ F.S. of the specification.  
(For the 100 L/min type, the piping length should be 11 cm or longer.)



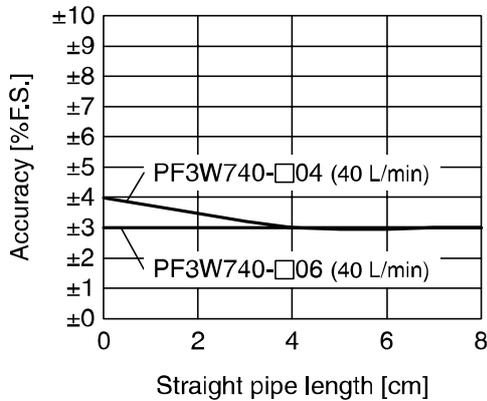
PF3W704



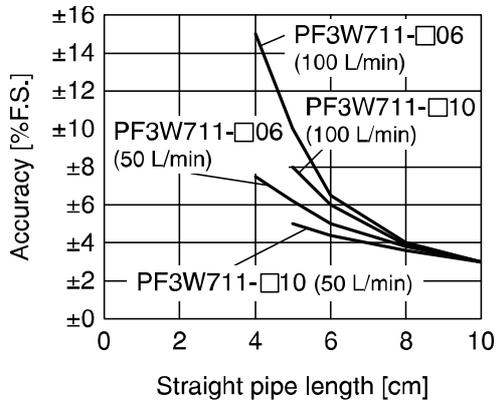
PF3W720



PF3W740

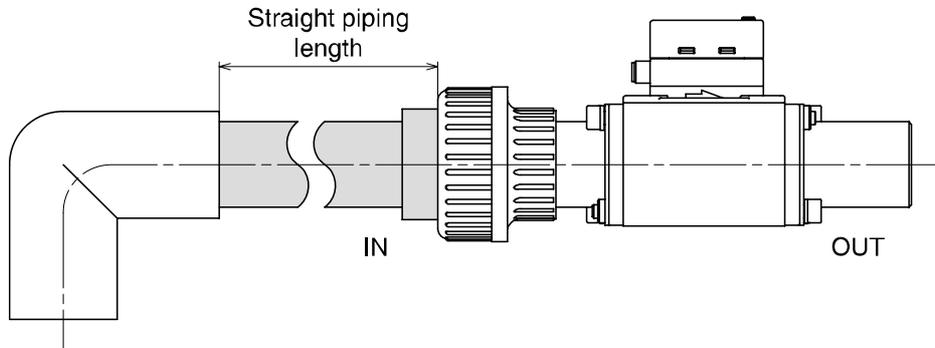


PF3W711 (Metal attachment)

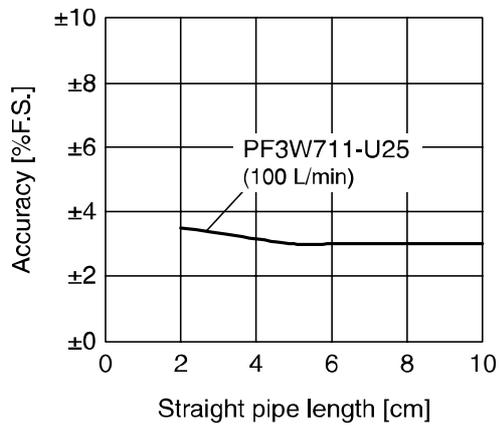


Vinyl chloride piping

- Fluid pressure has almost no effect.
- The straight piping length shall be 11 cm or longer in order to maintain  $\pm 3\%$ F.S. of the specification.

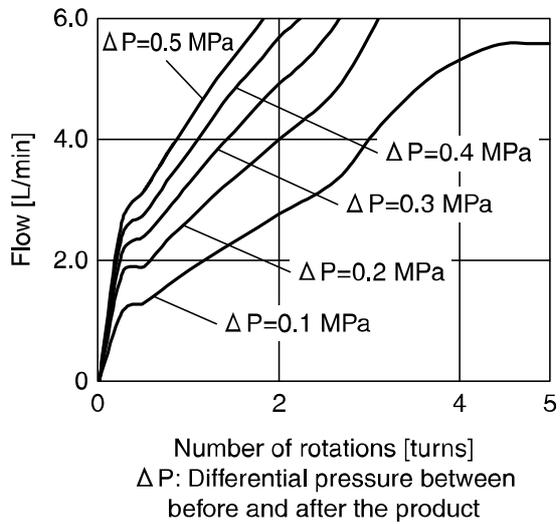


PF3W711 (Vinyl chloride piping)

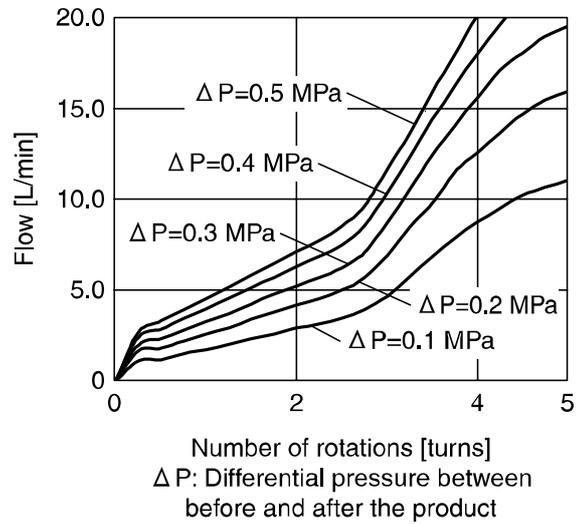


### Flow characteristics of the flow rate adjustment valve

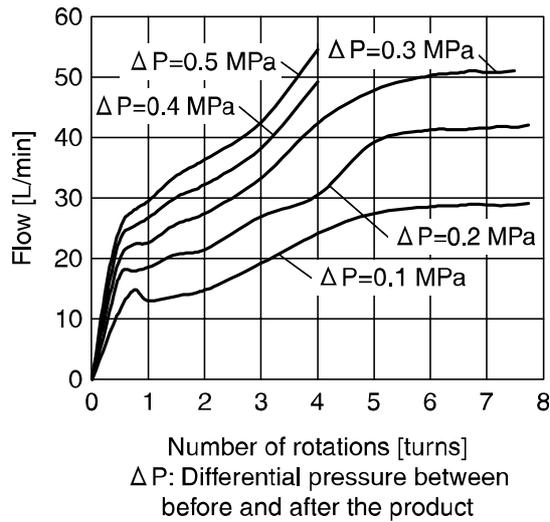
PF3W704S



PF3W720S



PF3W740S



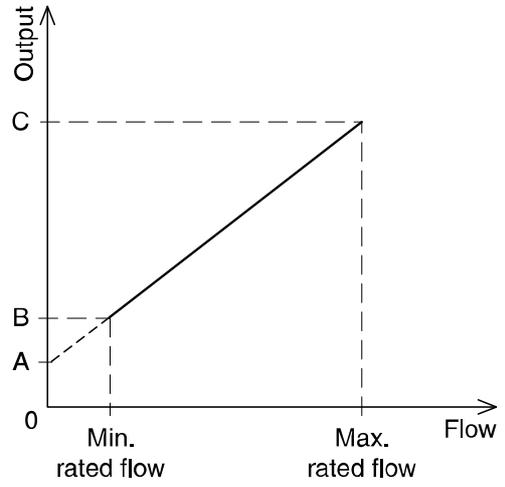
■ Analogue output

**Flow/Analogue output**

	A	B	C
Voltage output	1 V	1.5 V (1.4 V)	5 V
Current output	4 mA	6 mA (5.6 mA)	20 mA

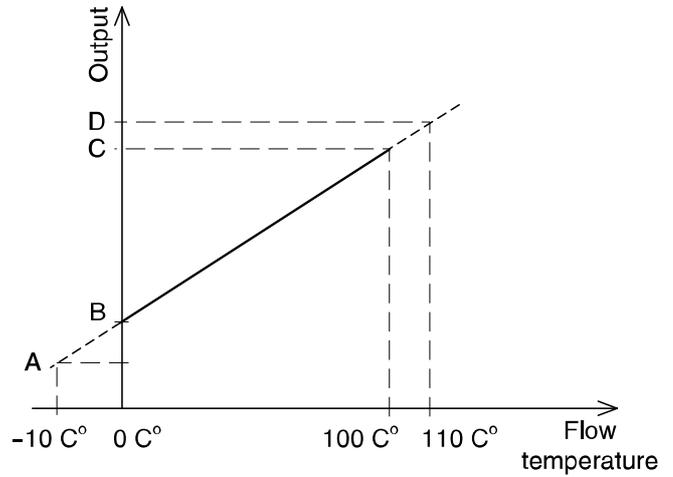
The value in ( ) is when PF3W711 is used.

Sensor model	Rated flow [L/min]	
	Minimum	Maximum
PF3W704	0.5	4
PF3W720	2	16
PF3W740	5	40
PF3W711	10	100

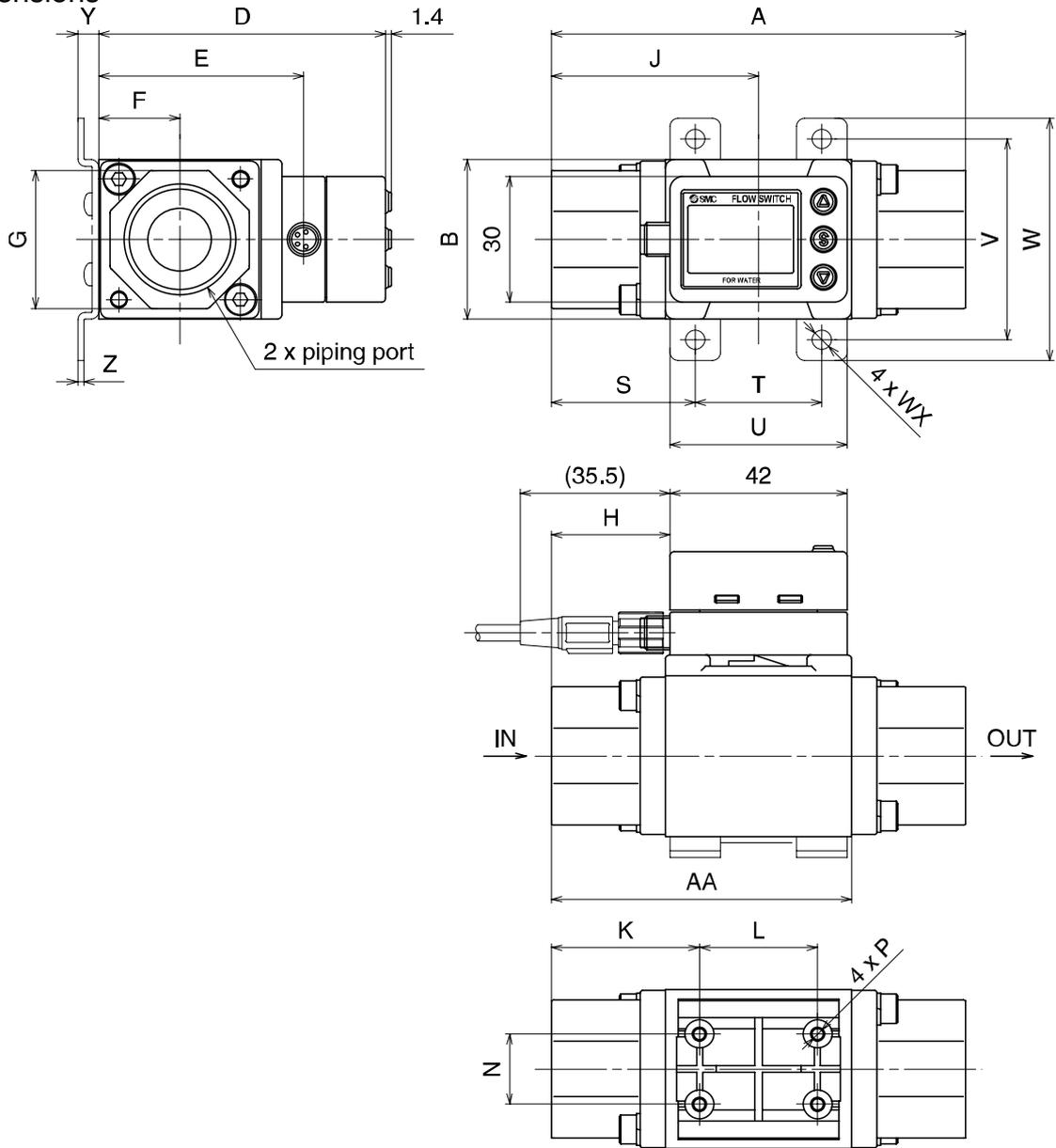


**Fluid temperature/Analogue output**

	A	B	C	D
Voltage output	0.6 V	1 V	5 V	5.4 V
Current output	2.4 mA	4 mA	20 mA	21.6 mA



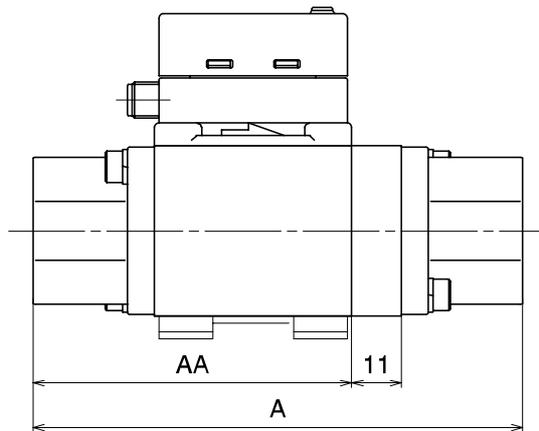
## ■Dimensions



### Basic type

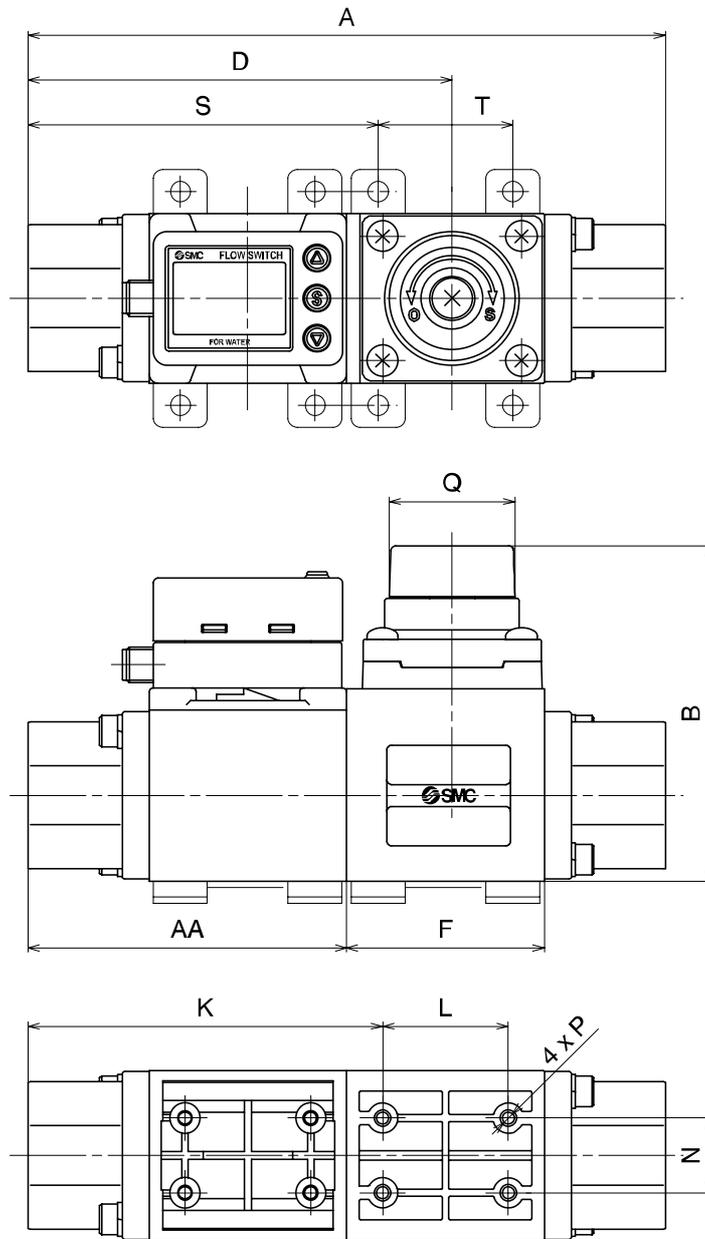
Symbol Model	Piping port size	A	AA	B	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	N	P
PF3W704	3/8	70	50	30	66	40.6	15.2	24	14	35	26	18	13.6	φ2.7 depth 14
PF3W720	3/8, 1/2	78	54	30	66	40.6	15.2	27	18	39	30	18	13.6	φ2.7 depth 12
PF3W740	1/2, 3/4	98	71	38	68	48.6	19.2	32	28	49	35	28	16.8	φ2.7 depth 12
PF3W711	3/4, 1	124	92	46	77	57.6	23	41	42	63	48	28	18	φ3.5 depth 14

Symbol Model	Bracket dimensions							
	S	T	U	V	W	WX	Y	Z
PF3W704	24	22	32	40	50	4.5	5	1.5
PF3W720	28	22	32	40	50	4.5	5	1.5
PF3W740	34	30	42	48	58	4.5	5	1.5
PF3W711	44	36	48	58	70	5.5	7	2



Temperature sensor

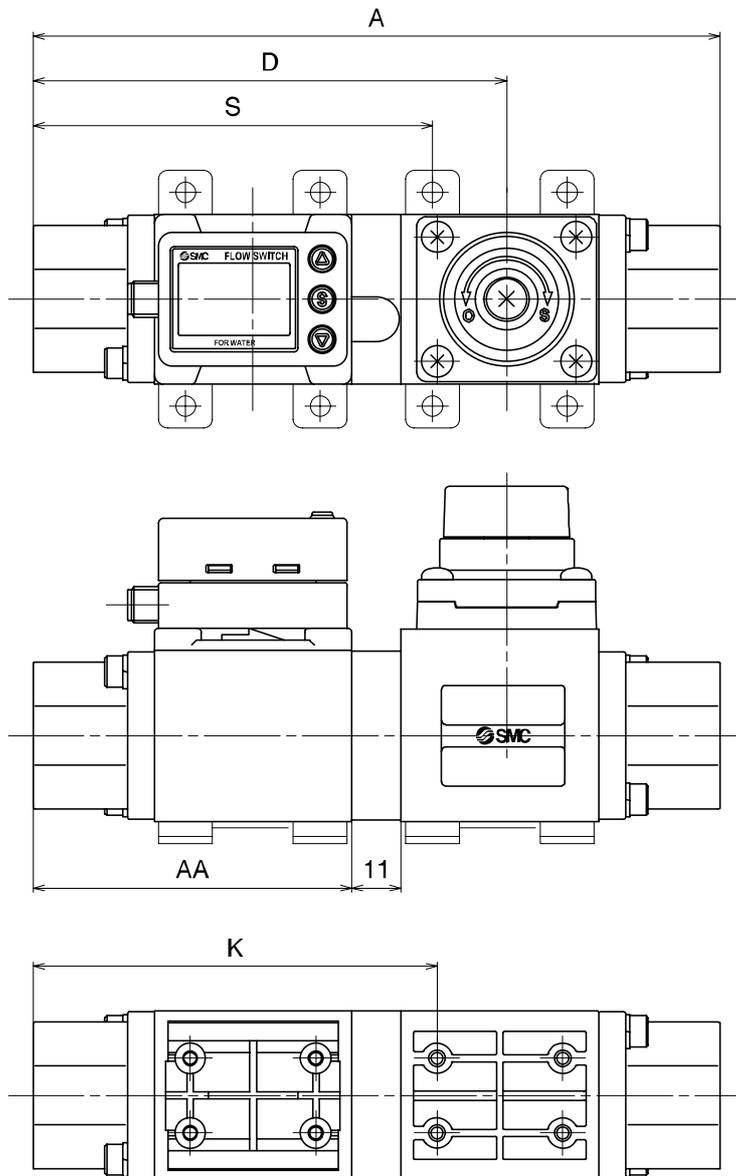
Model	Symbol	
	A	AA
PF3W704-**-T	81	50
PF3W720-**-T	89	54
PF3W740-**-T	109	71
PF3W711-**-T	135	92



Basic type and flow adjustment valve

Symbol Model	A	AA	B	D	F	K	L	N	P	Q	Q: Number of rotations
PF3W704S	104	50	63.6 (Max. 68.6)	70.2	34	58.5	18	13.6	φ2.7 depth 10	φ19	6 turns
PF3W720S	112	54	63.6 (Max. 68.6)	74.2	34	62.5	18	13.6	φ2.7 depth 10	φ19	6 turns
PF3W740S	142	71	75.25 (Max. 81)	94.5	44	79	28	16.8	φ2.7 depth 10	φ28	7 turns

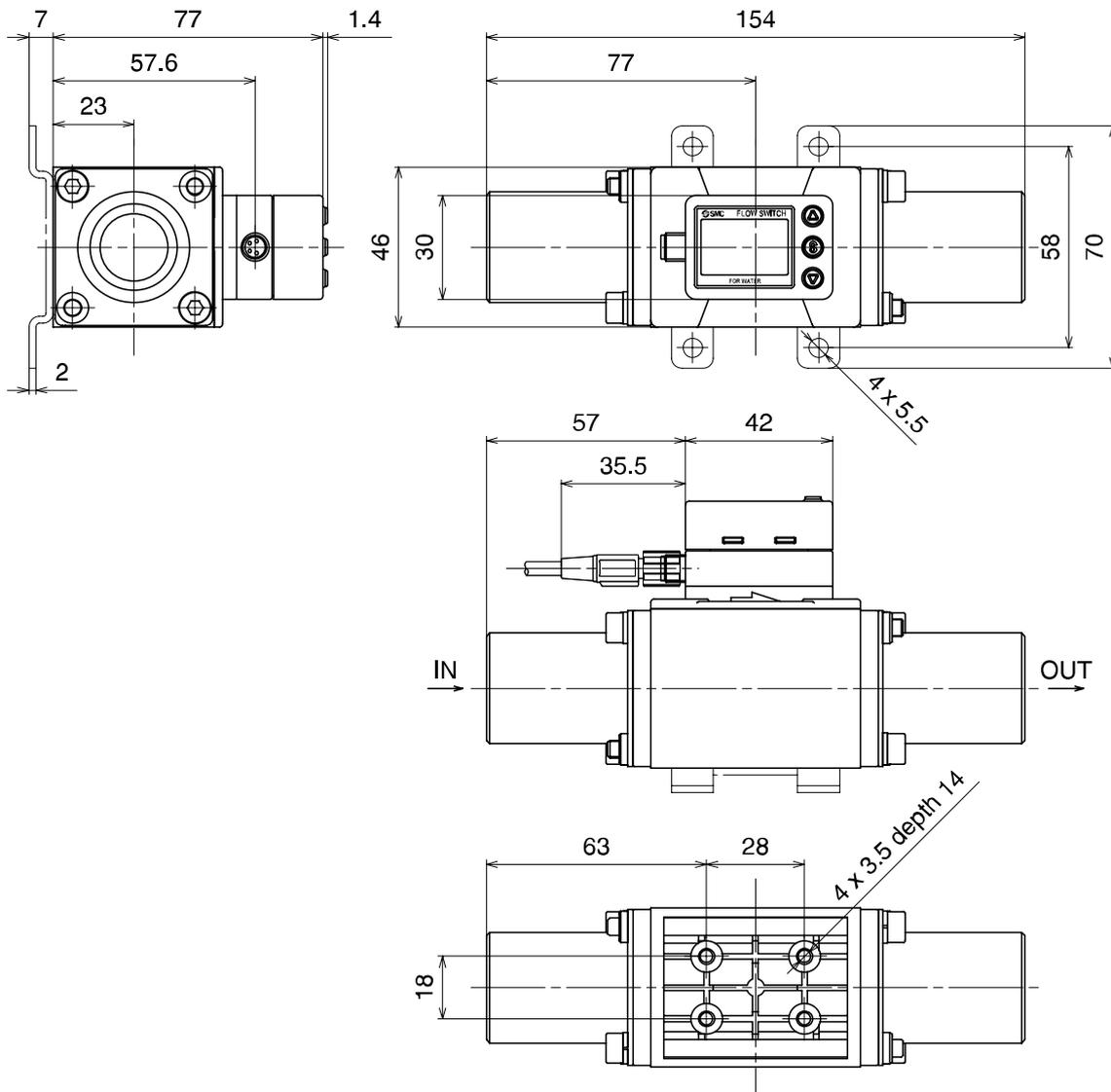
Symbol Model	Bracket dimensions	
	S	T
PF3W704S	56.5	22
PF3W720S	60.5	22
PF3W740S	78	30



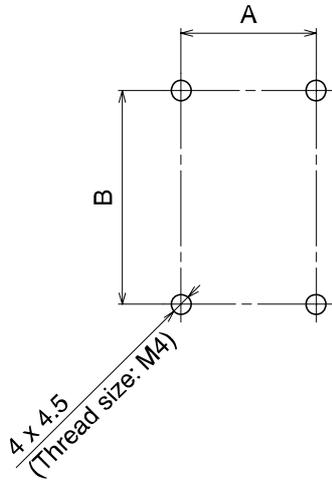
Basic type, flow adjustment valve and temperature sensor

Symbol	A	AA	D	K	S
Model PF3W704S-**-*T	115	50	81.2	69.5	67.5
Model PF3W720S-**-*T	123	54	85.2	73.5	71.5
Model PF3W740S-**-*T	153	71	105.5	90	89

PF3W711-U\*

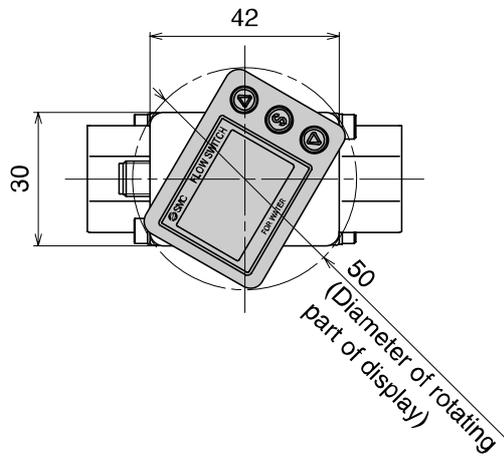


### Dimensions of machined mounting hole on bracket

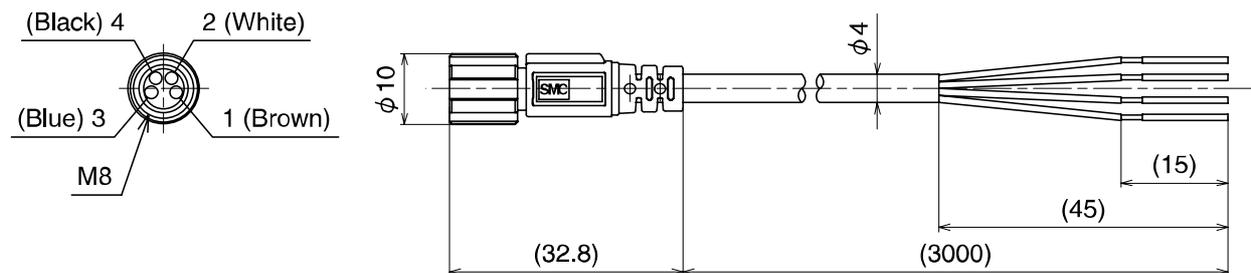


Model	Symbol	A	B
PF3W704(T)/720(T)		22	40
PF3W740(T)		30	48
PF3W711(T)		36	58

### Dimensions of rotating part of display



### Dimensions of lead wire with M8 connector (ZS-40-A)



## Made to order

- Change the seal material of the wetted parts to EPDM.

PF3W7 □ □ - □ □ - □ □ - □ □ □ -X109

Seal material EPDM

Refer to page 11 for details of how to order.

\*: Not applicable to the flow rate adjustment valve mounted type. Can be done as a special order.

Revision history
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Note: Specifications are subject to change without prior notice and any obligation on the part of the manufacturer.  
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